











Marwickshire Edition

THE WRITINGS OF GEORGE ELIOT

TOGETHER WITH THE LIFE BY J. W. CROSS

IN TWENTY-FIVE VOLUMES
VOLUME XIX









THE WRITINGS OF GEORGE ELIOT

POEMS



BOSTON AND NEW YORK
HOUGHTON MIFFLIN COMPANY
The Riverside Press Cambridge

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EORGE ELIOT'S earliest literary endeavors, like I those of many other great writers of prose, took the form of verse, and the first of her writings to appear in print was a devotional poem written in July, 1839, and published in the Christian Observer for January, 1840, over the signature "M. A. E." The lines may be found in the first volume of their author's Life. She wrote other verse about this time, but there is no evidence that any of it found its way into print. It was not until after she had written prose for many years and had produced some of her greatest novels that she made her first serious attempt at verse, in "The Spanish Gypsy," begun in 1864 and finished in 1868. Sir Leslie Stephen says of her, "She is a remarkable, I suppose unique, case of a writer taking to poetry at the ripe age of fortyfour, by which the majority of poets have done their best work."

Most of her shorter poems were written in the ten years between 1864 and 1874. The first of these was the one entitled "A Minor Prophet," which she wrote in January, 1865, when her difficulties with "The Spanish Gypsy" were reaching the point where she found it necessary to lay it aside for the time. This new work doubtless served as an outlet for her baffled energies.

She first called the poem "My Vegetarian Friend," and her journal for January 8 records that the matter had been written in prose three or four years earlier. Apparently it was not printed until the poems were collected in "The Legend of Jubal, and Other Poems," published in May, 1874. The title poem of this collection was begun in the autumn of 1869 and finished January 3, 1870. It appeared simultaneously in Macmillan's Magazine and the Atlantic Monthly for May, 1870. Mr. Oscar Browning considers this "the deepest and most eloquent of her poems." "Agatha" was written after a visit, in July, 1868, to St. Märgen, Baden, where she saw "an aged woman among those green hills who suggested the picture." It was finished in January, 1869, and in the following May was sold for £300 to Messrs. Fields, Osgood & Co. for the Atlantic Monthly, where it appeared in August. The journal for August 4, 1870, recorded, "To-day, under much depression, I begin a little dramatic poem, the subject of which engaged my attention at Harrogate," where a part of July had been spent. This poem was "Armgart." It was written chiefly at Limpsfield, Surrey, where the author spent three weeks in August, and was finished, in September, at the Priory. It was published in Macmillan's and the Atlantic for July, 1871. "Armgart" is significant as illustrating George Eliot's democratic view of the importance of the work of ordinary average humanity in comparison with that of the artist. "How Lisa loved the King" is from a story

of Boccaccio's. It was begun about the last of January, 1869, and finished February 14, and sent off the next day to Edinburgh to Mr. Blackwood, who published it in his magazine in May. The eleven sonnets entitled "Brother and Sister," which embody tender memories of their author's childhood were finished, as we learn from her journal, on or before the 1st of August, 1869. They seem to have made their first appearance in the book. The volume contained, besides the poems already mentioned, "Stradivarius" (dated 1873), "Two Lovers" (1866), "Arion" (1873), and "O may I join the choir invisible" (1867). The last, which has been aptly characterized as a "positivist hymn," is doubtless the best known of George Eliot's shorter poems.

The book went into a second edition in August, 1874. With the publication of a complete edition of George Eliot's works in 1879 an enlarged edition of this collection of poems appeared under the title of "The Legend of Jubal, and Other Poems, New and Old." This included, in addition to the contents of the earlier volume, "A College Breakfast-Party," reprinted from Macmillan's Magazine for July, 1878, "Self and Life," "Sweet evenings come and go, love," and "The Death of Moses." "A College Breakfast-Party" bears the date of April, 1874; the others are undated.

In considering George Eliot as a poet the original poetical mottoes heading many of the chapters of her three last novels must not be overlooked. In "Felix Holt," indeed, as Mr. George Willis Cooke points out,

her poetic gifts were first made known to the public. In these and in all her poems, as in her novels, her philosophy of life found expression. She was "the poet of positivism." In some of her shorter poems "she has completely unfolded the positivist conception, as she accepted it, of death and immortality."

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THE BROWN CANAL

Frontispiece

From a photograph, made for this edition by Mr. C. E. Walmsley, of the canal in Griff Hollow, near George Eliot's early home. In her childhood it was a favorite resort for her brother Isaac and herself. It was the scene of the fishing episode referred to in "Brother and Sister" (pages 183-185). (See also Chapter V of "The Mill on the Floss.")

GEORGE ELIOT AT THE AGE OF TWENTY-TWO . 126

From a sketch, now in the National Portrait Gallery,
by her Coventry friend Mrs. Charles Bray.

THE HOUSE ON FOLESHILL ROAD, COVENTRY . 240
George Eliot's home from 1841 to 1849, where she did
her first serious literary work, a translation of Strauss's
Life of Jesus. From a photograph made for this edition by Mr. C. E. Walmsley.





POEMS

THE LEGEND OF JUBAL

When Cain was driven from Jehovah's land He wandered eastward, seeking some far strand Ruled by kind gods who asked no offerings Save pure field-fruits, as aromatic things, To feed the subtler sense of frames divine That lived on fragrance for their food and wine: Wild joyous gods, who winked at faults and folly, And could be pitiful and melancholy. He never had a doubt that such gods were; He looked within, and saw them mirrored there. Some think he came at last to Tartary, And some to Ind; but, howsoe'er it be, His staff he planted where sweet waters ran, And in that home of Cain the Arts began.

Man's life was spacious in the early world:

It paused, like some slow ship with sail unfurled
Waiting in seas by scarce a wavelet curled;

Beheld the slow star-paces of the skies,

And grew from strength to strength through centuries;
Saw infant trees fill out their giant limbs,
And heard a thousand times the sweet birds' marriage
hymns.

In Cain's young city none had heard of Death Save him, the founder; and it was his faith That here, away from harsh Jehovah's law, Man was immortal, since no halt or flaw In Cain's own frame betrayed six hundred years, But dark as pines that autumn never sears His locks throughd backward as he ran, his frame Rose like the orbèd sun each morn the same. Lake-mirrored to his gaze; and that red brand, The scorching impress of Jehovah's hand, Was still clear-edged to his unwearied eye, Its secret firm in time-fraught memory. He said, "My happy offspring shall not know That the red life from out a man may flow When smitten by his brother." True, his race Bore each one stamped upon his new-born face A copy of the brand no whit less clear; But every mother held that little copy dear.

Thus generations in glad idlesse throve,

Nor hunted prey, nor with each other strove;

For clearest springs were plenteous in the land,

And gourds for cups; the ripe fruits sought the

hand,

Bending the laden boughs with fragrant gold;
And for their roofs and garments wealth untold
Lay everywhere in grasses and broad leaves:
They laboured gently, as a maid who weaves
Her hair in mimic mats, and pauses oft
And strokes across her palm the tresses soft,
Then peeps to watch the poised butterfly,
Or little burthened ants that homeward hie.
Time was but leisure to their lingering thought,
There was no need for haste to finish aught;
But sweet beginnings were repeated still
Like infant babblings that no task fulfil;
For love, that loved not change, constrained the simple will.

Till, hurling stones in mere athletic joy, Strong Lamech struck and killed his fairest boy, And tried to wake him with the tenderest cries,

And fetched and held before the glazed eyes The things they best had loved to look upon; But never glance or smile or sigh he won. The generations stood around those twain Helplessly gazing, till their father Cain Parted the press, and said, "He will not wake; This is the endless sleep, and we must make A bed deep down for him beneath the sod; For know, my sons, there is a mighty God Angry with all man's race, but most with me. I fled from out His land in vain! — 't is He Who came and slew the lad, for He has found This home of ours, and we shall all be bound By the harsh bands of His most cruel will, Which any moment may some dear one kill. Nay, though we live for countless moons, at last We and all ours shall die like summers past. This is Jehovah's will, and He is strong; I thought the way I travelled was too long For Him to follow me: my thought was vain! He walks unseen, but leaves a track of pain: Pale Death His footprint is, and He will come again!"

And a new spirit from that hour came o'er The race of Cain: soft idlesse was no more, But even the sunshine had a heart of care. Smiling with hidden dread — a mother fair Who folding to her breast a dying child Beams with feigned joy that but makes sadness mild. Death was now lord of Life, and at his word Time, vague as air before, new terrors stirred, With measured wing now audibly arose Throbbing through all things to some unknown close. Now glad Content by clutching Haste was torn, And Work grew eager, and Device was born. It seemed the light was never loved before, Now each man said, "'T will go and come no more." No budding branch, no pebble from the brook, No form, no shadow, but new dearness took From the one thought that life must have an end; And the last parting now began to send Diffusive dread through love and wedded bliss, Thrilling them into finer tenderness. Then Memory disclosed her face divine, That like the calm nocturnal lights doth shine Within the soul, and shows the sacred graves,

And shows the presence that no sunlight craves,
No space, no warmth, but moves among them all;
Gone and yet here, and coming at each call,
With ready voice and eyes that understand,
And lips that ask a kiss, and dear responsive hand.

Thus to Cain's race death was tear-watered seed Of various life and action-shaping need. But chief the sons of Lamech felt the stings Of new ambition, and the force that springs In passion beating on the shores of fate. They said, "There comes a night when all too late The mind shall long to prompt the achieving hand, The eager thought behind closed portals stand, And the last wishes to the mute lips press Buried ere death in silent helplessness. Then while the soul its way with sound can cleave, And while the arm is strong to strike and heave, Let soul and arm give shape that will abide And rule above our graves, and power divide With that great god of day, whose rays must bend As we shall make the moving shadows tend. Come, let us fashion acts that are to be.

When we shall lie in darkness silently, As our young brother doth, whom yet we see Fallen and slain, but reigning in our will By that one image of him pale and still." For Lamech's sons were heroes of their race: Jabal, the eldest, bore upon his face The look of that calm river-god, the Nile, Mildly secure in power that needs not guile. But Tubal-Cain was restless as the fire That glows and spreads and leaps from high to higher Where'er is aught to seize or to subdue; Strong as a storm he lifted or o'erthrew, His urgent limbs like rounded granite grew, Such granite as the plunging torrent wears And roaring rolls around through countless years. But strength that still on movement must be fed, Inspiring thought of change, devices bred, And urged his mind through earth and air to rove For force that he could conquer if he strove, For lurking forms that might new tasks fulfil And yield unwilling to his stronger will. Such Tubal-Cain. But Jubal had a frame Fashioned to finer senses, which became

A yearning for some hidden soul of things,
Some outward touch complete on inner springs
That vaguely moving bred a lonely pain,
A want that did but stronger grow with gain
Of all good else, as spirits might be sad
For lack of speech to tell us they are glad.

Now Jabal learned to tame the lowing kine, And from their udders drew the snow-white wine That stirs the innocent joy, and makes the stream Of elemental life with fulness teem: The star-browed calves he nursed with feeding hand, And sheltered them, till all the little band Stood mustered gazing at the sunset way Whence he would come with store at close of day. He soothed the silly sheep with friendly tone And reared their staggering lambs that, older grown, Followed his steps with sense-taught memory; Till he, their shepherd, could their leader be And guide them through the pastures as he would. With sway that grew from ministry of good. He spread his tents upon the grassy plain Which, eastward widening like the open main.

Showed the first whiteness 'neath the morning star; Near him his sister, deft, as women are, Plied her quick skill in sequence to his thought Till the hid treasures of the milk she caught Revealed like pollen 'mid the petals white, The golden pollen, virgin to the light. Even the she-wolf with young, on rapine bent, He caught and tethered in his mat-walled tent, And cherished all her little sharp-nosed young Till the small race with hope and terror clung About his footsteps, till each new-reared brood, Remoter from the memories of the wood. More glad discerned their common home with man. This was the work of Jabal: he began The pastoral life, and, sire of joys to be, Spread the sweet ties that bind the family O'er dear dumb souls that thrilled at man's caress. And shared his pains with patient helpfulness.

But Tubal-Cain had caught and yoked the fire, Yoked it with stones that bent the flaming spire And made it roar in prisoned servitude Within the furnace, till with force subdued

It changed all forms he willed to work upon, Till hard from soft, and soft from hard, he won. The pliant clay he moulded as he would, And laughed with joy when 'mid the heat it stood Shaped as his hand had chosen, while the mass That from his hold, dark, obstinate, would pass, He drew all glowing from the busy heat, All breathing as with life that he could beat With thundering hammer, making it obey His will creative, like the pale soft clay. Each day he wrought and better than he planned, Shape breeding shape beneath his restless hand. (The soul without still helps the soul within, And its deft magic ends what we begin.) Nay, in his dreams his hammer he would wield And seem to see a myriad types revealed, Then spring with wondering triumphant cry, And, lest the inspiring vision should go by. Would rush to labour with that plastic zeal Which all the passion of our life can steal For force to work with. Each day saw the birth Of various forms which, flung upon the earth, Seemed harmless toys to cheat the exacting hour,

But were as seeds instinct with hidden power. The axe, the club, the spiked wheel, the chain. Held silently the shrieks and moans of pain; And near them latent lay in share and spade, In the strong bar, the saw, and deep-curved blade, Glad voices of the hearth and harvest-home, The social good, and all earth's joy to come. Thus to mixed ends wrought Tubal; and they say, Some things he made have lasted to this day; As, thirty silver pieces that were found By Noah's children buried in the ground. He made them from mere hunger of device, Those small white discs; but they became the price The traitor Judas sold his Master for: And men still handling them in peace and war Catch foul disease, that comes as appetite, And lurks and clings as withering, damning blight. But Tubal-Cain wot not of treachery, Nor greedy lust, nor any ill to be, Save the one ill of sinking into nought, Banished from action and act-shaping thought. He was the sire of swift-transforming skill, Which arms for conquest man's ambitious will;

And round him gladly, as his hammer rung,
Gathered the elders and the growing young:
These handled vaguely and those plied the tools,
Till, happy chance begetting conscious rules,
The home of Cain with industry was rife,
And glimpses of a strong persistent life,
Panting through generations as one breath,
And filling with its soul the blank of death.

Jubal, too, watched the hammer, till his eyes,
No longer following its fall or rise,
Seemed glad with something that they could not see,
But only listened to — some melody,
Wherein dumb longings inward speech had found,
Won from the common store of struggling sound.
Then, as the metal shapes more various grew,
And, hurled upon each other, resonance drew,
Each gave new tones, the revelations dim
Of some external soul that spoke for him:
The hollow vessel's clang, the clash, the boom,
Like light that makes wide spiritual room
And skyey spaces in the spaceless thought,
To Jubal such enlargèd passion brought

That love, hope, rage, and all experience,
Were fused in vaster being, fetching thence
Concords and discords, cadences and cries
That seemed from some world-shrouded soul to rise,
Some rapture more intense, some mightier rage,
Some living sea that burst the bounds of man's brief
age.

Then with such blissful trouble and glad care

For growth within unborn as mothers bear,

To the far woods he wandered, listening,

And heard the birds their little stories sing

In notes whose rise and fall seemed melted speech —

Melted with tears, smiles, glances — that can reach

More quickly through our frame's deep-winding night,

And without thought raise thought's best fruit, delight.

Pondering, he sought his home again and heard
The fluctuant changes of the spoken word:
The deep remonstrance and the argued want,
Insistent first in close monotonous chant,
Next leaping upward to defiant stand
Or downward beating like the resolute hand;

The mother's call, the children's answering cry, The laugh's light cataract tumbling from on high; The suasive repetitions Jabal taught, That timid browsing cattle homeward brought; The clear-winged fugue of echoes vanishing; And through them all the hammer's rhythmic ring. Jubal sat lonely, all around was dim, Yet his face glowed with light revealed to him: For as the delicate stream of odour wakes The thought-wed sentience and some image makes From out the mingled fragments of the past, Finely compact in wholeness that will last, So streamed as from the body of each sound Subtler pulsations, swift as warmth, which found All prisoned germs and all their powers unbound, Till thought self-luminous flamed from memory, And in creative vision wandered free. Then Jubal, standing, rapturous arms upraised, And on the dark with eager eyes he gazed, As had some manifested god been there. It was his thought he saw: the presence fair Of unachieved achievement, the high task, The struggling unborn spirit that doth ask

With irresistible cry for blood and breath, Till feeding its great life we sink in death.

He said, "Were now those mighty tones and cries
That from the giant soul of earth arise,
Those groans of some great travail heard from far,
Some power at wrestle with the things that are,
Those sounds which vary with the varying form
Of clay and metal, and in sightless swarm
Fill the wide space with tremors: were these wed
To human voices with such passion fed
As does but glimmer in our common speech,
But might flame out in tones whose changing
reach,

Surpassing meagre need, informs the sense
With fuller union, finer difference —
Were this great vision, now obscurely bright
As morning hills that melt in new-poured light,
Wrought into solid form and living sound,
Moving with ordered throb and sure rebound,
Then — Nay, I Jubal will that work begin!
The generations of our race shall win
New life, that grows from out the heart of this,

As spring from winter, or as lovers' bliss From out the dull unknown of unwaked energies."

Thus he resolved, and in the soul-fed light Of coming ages waited through the night, Watching for that near dawn whose chiller ray Showed but the unchanged world of yesterday; Where all the order of his dream divine Lay like Olympian forms within the mine; Where fervour that could fill the earthly round With thronged joys of form-begotten sound Must shrink intense within the patient power That lonely labours through the niggard hour. Such patience have the heroes who begin, Sailing the first to lands which others win. Jubal must dare as great beginners dare, Strike form's first way in matter rude and bare, And, yearning vaguely toward the plenteous quire Of the world's harvest, make one poor small lyre. He made it, and from out its measured frame Drew the harmonic soul, whose answers came With guidance sweet and lessons of delight Teaching to ear and hand the blissful Right,

Where strictest law is gladness to the sense And all desire bends toward obedience.

Then Jubal poured his triumph in a song—
The rapturous word that rapturous notes prolong
As radiance streams from smallest things that
burn,

Or thought of loving into love doth turn. And still his lyre gave companionship In sense-taught concert as of lip with lip. Alone amid the hills at first he tried His winged song; then with adoring pride And bridegroom's joy at leading forth his bride, He said, "This wonder which my soul hath found, This heart of music in the might of sound, Shall forthwith be the share of all our race And like the morning gladden common space: The song shall spread and swell as rivers do, And I will teach our youth with skill to woo This living lyre, to know its secret will, Its fine division of the good and ill. So shall men call me sire of harmony, And where great Song is, there my life shall be."

Thus glorying as a god beneficent,

Forth from his solitary joy he went

To bless mankind. It was at evening,

When shadows lengthen from each westward thing,

When imminence of change makes sense more fine

And light seems holier in its grand decline.

The fruit-trees wore their studded coronal,

Earth and her children were at festival,

Glowing as with one heart and one consent—

Thought, love, trees, rocks, in sweet warm radiance blent.

The tribe of Cain was resting on the ground,
The various ages wreathed in one broad round.
Here lay, while children peeped o'er his huge thighs,
The sinewy man embrowned by centuries;
Here the broad-bosomed mother of the strong
Looked, like Demeter, placid o'er the throng
Of young lithe forms whose rest was movement too—
Tricks, prattle, nods, and laughs that lightly flew,
And swayings as of flower-beds where Love blew.
For all had feasted well upon the flesh
Of juicy fruits, on nuts, and honey fresh,
And now their wine was health-bred merriment,

Which through the generations circling went,
Leaving none sad, for even father Cain
Smiled as a Titan might, despising pain.
Jabal sat climbed on by a playful ring
Of children, lambs and whelps, whose gambolling,
With tiny hoofs, paws, hands, and dimpled feet,
Made barks, bleats, laughs, in pretty hubbub meet.
But Tubal's hammer rang from far away,
Tubal alone would keep no holiday,
His furnace must not slack for any feast,
For of all hardship work he counted least;
He scorned all rest but sleep, where every dream
Made his repose more potent action seem.

Yet with health's nectar some strange thirst was blent,
The fateful growth, the unnamed discontent,
The inward shaping toward some unborn power,
Some deeper-breathing act, the being's flower.
After all gestures, words, and speech of eyes,
The soul had more to tell, and broke in sighs.
Then from the east, with glory on his head
Such as low-slanting beams on corn-waves spread,
Came Jubal with his lyre: there 'mid the throng,

Where the blank space was, poured a solemn song, Touching his lyre to full harmonic throb And measured pulse, with cadences that sob, Exult and cry, and search the inmost deep Where the dark sources of new passion sleep. Joy took the air, and took each breathing soul, Embracing them in one entrancèd whole, Yet thrilled each varying frame to various ends, As Spring new-waking through the creature sends Or rage or tenderness; more plenteous life Here breeding dread, and there a fiercer strife. He who had lived through twice three centuries, Whose months monotonous, like trees on trees In hoary forests, stretched a backward maze, Dreamed himself dimly through the travelled days Till in clear light he paused, and felt the sun That warmed him when he was a little one: Felt that true heaven, the recovered past, The dear small Known amid the Unknown vast, And in that heaven wept. But younger limbs Thrilled toward the future, that bright land which swims In western glory, isles and streams and bays, Where hidden pleasures float in golden haze.

And in all these the rhythmic influence,
Sweetly o'ercharging the delighted sense,
Flowed out in movements, little waves that spread
Enlarging, till in tidal union led
The youths and maidens both alike long-tressed,
By grace-inspiring melody possessed,
Rose in slow dance, with beauteous floating swerve
Of limbs and hair, and many a melting curve
Of ringèd feet swayed by each close-linked palm:
Then Jubal poured more rapture in his psalm,
The dance fired music, music fired the dance,
Till all the gazing elders rose and stood
With glad yet awful shock of that mysterious good.

Even Tubal caught the sound, and wondering came,
Urging his sooty bulk like smoke-wrapt flame
Till he could see his brother with the lyre,
The work for which he lent his furnace-fire
And diligent hammer, witting nought of this —
This power in metal shape which made strange bliss,
Entering within him like a dream full-fraught
With new creations finished in a thought.

The sun had sunk, but music still was there,
And when this ceased, still triumph filled the air:
It seemed the stars were shining with delight
And that no night was ever like this night.
All clung with praise to Jubal: some besought
That he would teach them his new skill; some caught,
Swiftly as smiles are caught in looks that meet,
The tone's melodic change and rhythmic beat:
'T was easy following where invention trod —
All eyes can see when light flows out from God.

And thus did Jubal to his race reveal

Music their larger soul, where woe and weal

Filling the resonant chords, the song, the dance,

Moved with a wider-wingèd utterance.

Now many a lyre was fashioned, many a song

Raised echoes new, old echoes to prolong,

Till things of Jubal's making were so rife,

"Hearing myself," he said, "hems in my life,

And I will get me to some far-off land,

Where higher mountains under heaven stand

And touch the blue at rising of the stars,

Whose song they hear where no rough mingling mars

The great clear voices. Such lands there must be,
Where varying forms make varying symphony —
Where other thunders roll amid the hills,
Some mightier wind a mightier forest fills
With other strains through other-shapen boughs;
Where bees and birds and beasts that hunt or browse
Will teach me songs I know not. Listening there,
My life shall grow like trees both tall and fair
That rise and spread and bloom toward fuller fruit each
year."

He took a raft, and travelled with the stream

Southward for many a league, till he might deem

He saw at last the pillars of the sky,

Beholding mountains whose white majesty

Rushed through him as new awe, and made new song

That swept with fuller wave the chords along,

Weighting his voice with deep religious chime,

The iteration of slow chant sublime.

It was the region long inhabited

By all the race of Seth; and Jubal said:

"Here have I found my thirsty soul's desire,

Eastward the hills touch heaven, and evening's fire

Flames through deep waters; I will take my rest,
And feed anew from my great mother's breast,
The sky-clasped Earth, whose voices nurture me
As the flowers' sweetness doth the honey-bee."
He lingered wandering for many an age,
And, sowing music, made high heritage
For generations far beyond the Flood —
For the poor late-begotten human brood
Born to life's weary brevity and perilous good.

And ever as he travelled he would climb

The farthest mountain, yet the heavenly chime,
The mighty tolling of the far-off spheres
Beating their pathway, never touched his ears.
But wheresoe'er he rose the heavens rose,
And the far-gazing mountain could disclose
Nought but a wider earth; until one height
Showed him the ocean stretched in liquid light,
And he could hear its multitudinous roar,
Its plunge and hiss upon the pebbled shore:
Then Jubal silent sat, and touched his lyre no more.

He thought, "The world is great, but I am weak, And where the sky bends is no solid peak

To give me footing, but instead, this main — Myriads of maddened horses thundering o'er the plain.

"New voices come to me where'er I roam,
My heart too widens with its widening home:
But song grows weaker, and the heart must break
For lack of voice, or fingers that can wake
The lyre's full answer; nay, its chords were all
Too few to meet the growing spirit's call.
The former songs seem little, yet no more
Can soul, hand, voice, with interchanging lore
Tell what the earth is saying unto me:
The secret is too great, I hear confusedly.

"No farther will I travel: once again

My brethren I will see, and that fair plain

Where I and Song were born. There fresh-voiced

youth

Will pour my strains with all the early truth
Which now abides not in my voice and hands,
But only in the soul, the will that stands
Helpless to move. My tribe remembering
Will cry 'T is he!' and run to greet me, welcoming."

The way was weary. Many a date-palm grew, And shook out clustered gold against the blue, While Jubal, guided by the steadfast spheres, Sought the dear home of those first eager years, When, with fresh vision fed, the fuller will Took living outward shape in pliant skill; For still he hoped to find the former things, And the warm gladness recognition brings. His footsteps erred among the mazy woods And long illusive sameness of the floods, Winding and wandering. Through far regions, strange With Gentile homes and faces, did he range, And left his music in their memory, And left at last, when nought besides would free His homeward steps from clinging hands and cries, The ancient lyre. And now in ignorant eyes No sign remained of Jubal, Lamech's son, That mortal frame wherein was first begun The immortal life of song. His withered brow Pressed over eyes that held no lightning now, His locks streamed whiteness on the hurrying air, The unresting soul had worn itself quite bare Of beauteous token, as the outworn might

Of oaks slow-dying, gaunt in summer's light. His full deep voice toward thinnest treble ran: He was the rune-writ story of a man.

And so at last he neared the well-known land,
Could see the hills in ancient order stand
With friendly faces whose familiar gaze
Looked through the sunshine of his childish days;
Knew the deep-shadowed folds of hanging woods,
And seemed to see the self-same insect broods
Whirling and quivering o'er the flowers — to hear
The self-same cuckoo making distance near.
Yea, the dear Earth, with mother's constancy,
Met and embraced him, and said, "Thou art he!
This was thy cradle, here my breast was thine,
Where feeding, thou didst all thy life entwine
With my sky-wedded life in heritage divine."

But wending ever through the watered plain,
Firm not to rest save in the home of Cain,
He saw dread Change, with dubious face and cold
That never kept a welcome for the old,
Like some strange heir upon the hearth, arise,

Saying "This home is mine." He thought his eyes Mocked all deep memories, as things new made, Usurping sense, make old things shrink and fade And seem ashamed to meet the staring day. His memory saw a small foot-trodden way, His eyes a broad far-stretching paven road Bordered with many a tomb and fair abode; The little city that once nestled low As buzzing groups about some central glow, Spread like a murmuring crowd o'er plain and steep, Or monster huge in heavy-breathing sleep. His heart grew faint, and tremblingly he sank Close by the wayside on a weed-grown bank, Not far from where a new-raised temple stood, Sky-roofed, and fragrant with wrought cedar wood. The morning sun was high; his rays fell hot On this hap-chosen, dusty, common spot, On the dry-withered grass and withered man: That wondrous frame where melody began Lay as a tomb defaced that no eye cared to scan.

But while he sank far music reached his ear. He listened until wonder silenced fear

[30]

And gladness wonder; for the broadening stream Of sound advancing was his early dream, Brought like fulfilment of forgotten prayer; As if his soul, breathed out upon the air, Had held the invisible seeds of harmony Quick with the various strains of life to be. He listened: the sweet mingled difference With charm alternate took the meeting sense; Then bursting like some shield-broad lily red, Sudden and near the trumpet's notes out-spread, And soon his eyes could see the metal flower, Shining upturned, out on the morning pour Its incense audible; could see a train From out the street slow-winding on the plain With lyres and cymbals, flutes and psalteries, While men, youths, maids, in concert sang to these With various throat, or in succession poured, Or in full volume mingled. But one word Ruled each recurrent rise and answering fall, As when the multitudes adoring call On some great name divine, their common soul, The common need, love, joy, that knits them in one whole:

[31]

The word was "Jubal!" — "Jubal" filled the air And seemed to ride aloft, a spirit there, Creator of the quire, the full-fraught strain That grateful rolled itself to him again. The aged man adust upon the bank — Whom no eye saw — at first with rapture drank The bliss of music, then, with swelling heart, Felt, this was his own being's greater part, The universal joy once born in him. But when the train, with living face and limb And vocal breath, came nearer and more near, The longing grew that they should hold him dear; Him, Lamech's son, whom all their fathers knew, The breathing Jubal — him, to whom their love was due. All was forgotten but the burning need To claim his fuller self, to claim the deed That lived away from him, and grew apart, While he as from a tomb, with lonely heart, Warmed by no meeting glance, no hand that pressed, Lay chill amid the life his life had blessed. What though his song should spread from man's small race

Out through the myriad worlds that people space,

[32]

And make the heavens one joy-diffusing quire?—
Still 'mid that vast would throb the keen desire
Of this poor aged flesh, this eventide,
This twilight soon in darkness to subside,
This little pulse of self that, having glowed
Through thrice three centuries, and divinely strowed
The light of music through the vague of sound,
Ached with its smallness still in good that had no bound.

For no eye saw him, while with loving pride

Each voice with each in praise of Jubal vied.

Must he in conscious trance, dumb, helpless lie

While all that ardent kindred passed him by?

His flesh cried out to live with living men

And join that soul which to the inward ken

Of all the hymning train was present there.

Strong passion's daring sees not aught to dare:

The frost-locked starkness of his frame low-bent,

His voice's penury of tones long spent,

He felt not; all his being leaped in flame

To meet his kindred as they onward came

Slackening and wheeling toward the temple's face:

He rushed before them to the glittering space,

And, with a strength that was but strong desire, Cried, "I am Jubal, I!—I made the lyre!"

The tones amid a lake of silence fell Broken and strained, as if a feeble bell Had tuneless pealed the triumph of a land To listening crowds in expectation spanned. Sudden came showers of laughter on that lake; They spread along the train from front to wake In one great storm of merriment, while he Shrank doubting whether he could Jubal be, And not a dream of Jubal, whose rich vein Of passionate music came with that dream-pain Wherein the sense slips off from each loved thing And all appearance is mere vanishing. But ere the laughter died from out the rear, Anger in front saw profanation near; Jubal was but a name in each man's faith For glorious power untouched by that slow death Which creeps with creeping time; this too, the spot, And this the day, it must be crime to blot, Even with scoffing at a madman's lie: Jubal was not a name to wed with mockery.

Two rushed upon him: two, the most devout
In honour of great Jubal, thrust him out,
And beat him with their flutes. 'T was little need;
He strove not, cried not, but with tottering speed,
As if the scorn and howls were driving wind
That urged his body, serving so the mind
Which could but shrink and yearn, he sought the
screen

Of thorny thickets, and there fell unseen.

The immortal name of Jubal filled the sky,

While Jubal lonely laid him down to die.

He said within his soul, "This is the end:

O'er all the earth to where the heavens bend

And hem men's travel, I have breathed my soul:

I lie here now the remnant of that whole,

The embers of a life, a lonely pain;

As far-off rivers to my thirst were vain,

So of my mighty years nought comes to me again.

"Is the day sinking? Softest coolness springs
From something round me: dewy shadowy wings
Enclose me all around — no, not above —
Is moonlight there? I see a face of love,

Fair as sweet music when my heart was strong: Yea — art thou come again to me, great Song?"

The face bent over him like silver night
In long-remembered summers; that calm light
Of days which shine in firmaments of thought,
That past unchangeable, from change still wrought.
And gentlest tones were with the vision blent:
He knew not if that gaze the music sent,
Or music that calm gaze: to hear, to see,
Was but one undivided ecstasy:
The raptured senses melted into one.
And parting life a moment's freedom won
From in and outer, as a little child
Sits on a bank and sees blue heavens mild
Down in the water, and forgets its limbs,
And knoweth nought save the blue heaven that swims.

"Jubal," the face said, "I am thy loved Past,
The soul that makes thee one from first to last.
I am the angel of thy life and death,
Thy outbreathed being drawing its last breath.
Am I not thine alone, a dear dead bride
Who blest thy lot above all men's beside?

Thy bride whom thou wouldst never change, nor take Any bride living, for that dead one's sake? Was I not all thy yearning and delight, Thy chosen search, thy senses' beauteous Right, Which still had been the hunger of thy frame In central heaven, hadst thou been still the same? Wouldst thou have asked aught else from any god — Whether with gleaming feet on earth he trod Or thundered through the skies — aught else for share Of mortal good, than in thy soul to bear The growth of song, and feel the sweet unrest Of the world's spring-tide in thy conscious breast? No, thou hadst grasped thy lot with all its pain, Nor loosed it any painless lot to gain Where music's voice was silent; for thy fate Was human music's self incorporate: Thy senses' keenness and thy passionate strife Were flesh of her flesh and her womb of life. And greatly hast thou lived, for not alone With hidden raptures were her secrets shown, Buried within thee, as the purple light Of gems may sleep in solitary night; But thy expanding joy was still to give,

And with the generous air in song to live, Feeding the wave of ever-widening bliss Where fellowship means equal perfectness. And on the mountains in thy wandering Thy feet were beautiful as blossomed spring, That turns the leafless wood to love's glad home, For with thy coming Melody was come. This was thy lot, to feel, create, bestow, And that immeasurable life to know From which the fleshly self falls shrivelled, dead, A seed primeval that has forests bred. It is the glory of the heritage Thy life has left, that makes thy outcast age: Thy limbs shall lie dark, tombless on this sod, Because thou shinest in man's soul, a god, Who found and gave new passion and new joy That nought but Earth's destruction can destroy. Thy gifts to give was thine of men alone: 'T was but in giving that thou couldst atone For too much wealth amid their poverty."—

The words seemed melting into symphony,
The wings upbore him, and the gazing song

Was floating him the heavenly space along,
Where mighty harmonies all gently fell
Through veiling vastness, like the far-off bell,
Till, ever onward through the choral blue,
He heard more faintly and more faintly knew,
Quitting mortality, a quenched sun-wave,
The All-creating Presence for his grave.
1869.





COME with me to the mountain, not where rocks Soar harsh above the troops of hurrying pines, But where the earth spreads soft and rounded breasts To feed her children; where the generous hills Lift a green isle betwixt the sky and plain To keep some Old World things aloof from change. Here too 't is hill and hollow: new-born streams With sweet enforcement, joyously compelled Like laughing children, hurry down the steeps, And make a dimpled chase athwart the stones; Pine woods are black upon the heights, the slopes Are green with pasture, and the bearded corn Fringes the blue above the sudden ridge: A little world whose round horizon cuts This isle of hills with heaven for a sea, Save in clear moments when southwestward gleams France by the Rhine, melting anon to haze. The monks of old chose here their still retreat, And called it by the Blessed Virgin's name, Sancta Maria, which the peasant's tongue,

Speaking from out the parent's heart that turns All loved things into little things, has made Sanct Märgen, — Holy little Mary, dear As all the sweet home things she smiles upon, The children and the cows, the apple-trees, The cart, the plough, all named with that caress Which feigns them little, easy to be held, Familiar to the eyes and hand and heart. What though a Queen? She puts her crown away And with her little Boy wears common clothes, Caring for common wants, remembering That day when good Saint Joseph left his work To marry her with humble trust sublime. The monks are gone, their shadows fall no more Tall-frocked and cowled athwart the evening fields At milking-time; their silent corridors Are turned to homes of bare-armed, aproned men, Who toil for wife and children. But the bells, Pealing on high from two quaint convent towers, Still ring the Catholic signals, summoning To grave remembrance of the larger life That bears our own, like perishable fruit Upon its heaven-wide branches. At their sound

The shepherd boy far off upon the hill,

The workers with the saw and at the forge,

The triple generation round the hearth,—

Grandames and mothers and the flute-voiced girls,—

Fall on their knees and send forth prayerful cries

To the kind Mother with the little Boy,

Who pleads for helpless men against the storm,

Lightning and plagues and all terrific shapes

Of power supreme.

Within the prettiest hollow of these hills,

Just as you enter it, upon the slope

Stands a low cottage neighboured cheerily

By running water, which, at farthest end

Of the same hollow, turns a heavy mill,

And feeds the pasture for the miller's cows,

Blanchi and Nägeli, Veilchen and the rest,

Matrons with faces as Griselda mild,

Coming at call. And on the farthest height

A little tower looks out above the pines

Where mounting you will find a sanctuary

Open and still; without, the silent crowd

Of heaven-planted, incense-mingling flowers;

Within, the altar where the Mother sits

'Mid votive tablets hung from far-off years By peasants succoured in the peril of fire, Fever, or flood, who thought that Mary's love, Willing but not omnipotent, had stood Between their lives and that dread power which slew Their neighbour at their side. The chapel bell Will melt to gentlest music ere it reach That cottage on the slope, whose garden gate Has caught the rose-tree boughs and stands ajar; So does the door, to let the sunbeams in; For in the slanting sunbeams angels come And visit Agatha who dwells within, — Old Agatha, whose cousins Kate and Nell Are housed by her in Love and Duty's name, They being feeble, with small withered wits, And she believing that the higher gift Was given to be shared. So Agatha Shares her one room, all neat on afternoons, As if some memory were sacred there And everything within the four low walls An honoured relic.

One long summer's day An angel entered at the rose-hung gate,

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With skirts pale blue, a brow to quench the pearl, Hair soft and blond as infants', plenteous As hers who made the wavy lengths once speak The grateful worship of a rescued soul. The angel paused before the open door To give good day. "Come in," said Agatha. I followed close, and watched and listened there. The angel was a lady, noble, young, Taught in all seemliness that fits a court, All lore that shapes the mind to delicate use, Yet quiet, lowly, as a meek white dove That with its presence teaches gentleness. Men called her Countess Linda; little girls In Freiburg town, orphans whom she caressed, Said Mamma Linda: yet her years were few, Her outward beauties all in budding time, Her virtues the aroma of the plant That dwells in all its being, root, stem, leaf, And waits not ripeness.

"Sit," said Agatha.

Her cousins were at work in neighbouring homes But yet she was not lonely; all things round Seemed filled with noiseless yet responsive life,

As of a child at breast that gently clings: Not sunlight only or the breathing flowers Or the swift shadows of the birds and bees, But all the household goods, which, polished fair By hands that cherished them for service done, Shone as with glad content. The wooden beams, Dark and yet friendly, easy to be reached, Bore three white crosses for a speaking sign; The walls had little pictures hung a-row, Telling the stories of Saint Ursula, And Saint Elizabeth, the lowly queen; And on the bench that served for table too. Skirting the wall to save the narrow space, There lay the Catholic books, inherited From those old times when printing still was young With stout-limbed promise, like a sturdy boy. And in the farthest corner stood the bed Where o'er the pillow hung two pictures wreathed With fresh-plucked ivy: one the Virgin's death, And one her flowering tomb, while high above She smiling bends and lets her girdle down For ladder to the soul that cannot trust In life which outlasts burial. Agatha

Sat at her knitting, aged, upright, slim,
And spoke her welcome with mild dignity.
She kept the company of kings and queens
And mitred saints who sat below the feet
Of Francis with the ragged frock and wounds;
And Rank for her meant Duty, various,
Yet equal in its worth, done worthily.
Command was service; humblest service done
By willing and discerning souls was glory.

Fair Countess Linda sat upon the bench, Close fronting the old knitter, and they talked With sweet antiphony of young and old.

AGATHA

You like our valley, lady? I am glad You thought it well to come again. But rest— The walk is long from Master Michael's inn.

COUNTESS LINDA

Yes, but no walk is prettier.

AGATHA

It is true:

There lacks no blessing here, the waters all

[49]

Have virtues like the garments of the Lord,
And heal much sickness; then, the crops and cows
Flourish past speaking, and the garden flowers,
Pink, blue, and purple, 't is a joy to see
How they yield honey for the singing bees.
I would the whole world were as good a home.

COUNTESS LINDA

And you are well off, Agatha? — your friends Left you a certain bread: is it not so?

AGATHA

Not so at all, dear lady. I had nought,
Was a poor orphan; but I came to tend
Here in this house, an old afflicted pair,
Who wore out slowly; and the last who died,
Full thirty years ago, left me this roof
And all the household stuff. It was great wealth;
And so I had a home for Kate and Nell.

COUNTESS LINDA

But how, then, have you earned your daily bread These thirty years?

[50]

AGATHA

O, that is easy earning.

We help the neighbours, and our bit and sup
Is never failing: they have work for us
In house and field, all sorts of odds and ends,
Patching and mending, turning o'er the hay,
Holding sick children, — there is always work;
And they are very good, — the neighbours are:
Weigh not our bits of work with weight and scale,
But glad themselves with giving us good shares
Of meat and drink; and in the big farm-house
When cloth comes home from weaving, the good
wife

Cuts me a piece, — this very gown, — and says:

"Here, Agatha, you old maid, you have time

To pray for Hans who is gone soldiering:

The saints might help him, and they have much to do,

"T were well they were besought to think of him."
She spoke half jesting, but I pray, I pray
For poor young Hans. I take it much to heart
That other people are worse off than I,—
I ease my soul with praying for them all.

COUNTESS LINDA

That is your way of singing, Agatha;

Just as the nightingales pour forth sad songs,

And when they reach men's ears they make men's

hearts

Feel the more kindly.

AGATHA

Nay, I cannot sing:

My voice is hoarse, and oft I think my prayers

Are foolish, feeble things; for Christ is good

Whether I pray or not, — the Virgin's heart

Is kinder far than mine; and then I stop

And feel I can do nought towards helping men,

Till out it comes, like tears that will not hold,

And I must pray again for all the world.

'T is good to me, — I mean the neighbours are:

To Kate and Nell too. I have money saved

To go on pilgrimage the second time.

COUNTESS LINDA

And do you mean to go on pilgrimage With all your years to carry, Agatha?

[52]

AGATHA

The years are light, dear lady: 't is my sins
Are heavier than I would. And I shall go
All the way to Einsiedeln with that load:
I need to work it off.

COUNTESS LINDA

What sort of sins,

Dear Agatha? I think they must be small.

AGATHA

Nay, but they may be greater than I know;
'T is but dim light I see by. So I try
All ways I know of to be cleansed and pure.
I would not sink where evil spirits are.
There's perfect goodness somewhere: so I strive.

Countess Linda

You were the better for that pilgrimage You made before? The shrine is beautiful; And then you saw fresh country all the way.

AGATHA

Yes, that is true. And ever since that time The world seems greater, and the Holy Church

[53]

More wonderful. The blessed pictures all,
The heavenly images with books and wings,
Are company to me through the day and night.
The time! the time! It never seemed far back,
Only to father's father and his kin
That lived before him. But the time stretched out
After that pilgrimage: I seemed to see
Far back, and yet I knew time lay behind,
As there are countries lying still behind
The highest mountains, there in Switzerland.
O, it is great to go on pilgrimage!

COUNTESS LINDA

Perhaps some neighbours will be pilgrims too, And you can start together in a band.

AGATHA

Not from these hills: people are busy here,
The beasts want tendance. One who is not missed
Can go and pray for others who must work.
I owe it to all neighbours, young and old;
For they are good past thinking, — lads and girls
Given to mischief, merry naughtiness,

[54]

Quiet it, as the hedgehogs smooth their spines,
For fear of hurting poor old Agatha.
'T is pretty: why, the cherubs in the sky
Look young and merry, and the angels play
On citherns, lutes, and all sweet instruments.
I would have young things merry. See the Lord!
A little baby playing with the birds;
And how the Blessed Mother smiles at him.

COUNTESS LINDA

I think you are too happy, Agatha,

To care for heaven. Earth contents you well.

AGATHA

Nay, nay, I shall be called, and I shall go
Right willingly. I shall get helpless, blind,
Be like an old stalk to be plucked away:
The garden must be cleared for young spring plants.
'T is home beyond the grave, the most are there,
All those we pray to, all the Church's lights,—
And poor old souls are welcome in their rags:
One sees it by the pictures. Good Saint Ann,
The Virgin's mother, she is very old,

And had her troubles with her husband too.

Poor Kate and Nell are younger far than I,
But they will have this roof to cover them.

I shall go willingly; and willingness

Makes the yoke easy and the burden light.

COUNTESS LINDA

When you go southward in your pilgrimage, Come to see me in Freiburg, Agatha. Where you have friends you should not go to inns.

AGATHA

Yes, I will gladly come to see you, lady.

And you will give me sweet hay for a bed,

And in the morning I shall wake betimes

And start when all the birds begin to sing.

COUNTESS LINDA

You wear your smart clothes on the pilgrimage, Such pretty clothes as all the women here Keep by them for their best: a velvet cap And collar golden-broidered? They look well On old and young alike.

[56]

AGATHA

Nay, I have none. —

Never had better clothes than these you see.

Good clothes are pretty, but one sees them best
When others wear them, and I somehow thought
'T was not worth while. I had so many things
More than some neighbours, I was partly shy
Of wearing better clothes than they, and now
I am so old and custom is so strong
'T would hurt me sore to put on finery.

COUNTESS LINDA

Your grey hair is a crown, dear Agatha.

Shake hands; good-bye. The sun is going down,

And I must see the glory from the hill.

I stayed among those hills; and oft heard more Of Agatha. I liked to hear her name,
As that of one half grandame and half saint,
Uttered with reverent playfulness. The lads
And younger men all called her mother, aunt,
Or granny, with their pet diminutives,
And bade their lasses and their brides behave

AGATHÁ

Right well to one who surely made a link
'T wixt faulty folk and God by loving both:

Not one but counted service done by her,

Asking no pay save just her daily bread.

At feasts and weddings, when they passed in groups

Along the vale, and the good country wine,
Being vocal in them, made them quire along
In quaintly mingled mirth and piety,
They fain must jest and play some friendly trick
On three old maids; but when the moment came
Always they bated breath and made their sport
Gentle as feather-stroke, that Agatha
Might like the waking for the love it showed.
Their song made happy music 'mid the hills,
For nature tuned their race to harmony,
And poet Hans, the tailor, wrote them songs
That grew from out their life, as crocuses
From out the meadow's moistness. 'T was his
song

They oft sang, wending homeward from a feast,—
The song I give you. It brings in, you see,
Their gentle jesting with the three old maids.

Midnight by the chapel bell!
Homeward, homeward all, farewell!
I with you, and you with me,
Miles are short with company.

Heart of Mary, bless the way, Keep us all by night and day!

Moon and stars at feast with night Now have drunk their fill of light. Home they hurry, making time Trot apace, like merry rhyme.

> Heart of Mary, mystic rose, Send us all a sweet repose!

Swiftly through the wood down hill, Run till you can hear the mill. Toni's ghost is wandering now, Shaped just like a snow-white cow.

> Heart of Mary, morning star, Ward off danger, near or far!

Toni's waggon with its load Fell and crushed him in the road

[59]

'Twixt these pine-trees. Never fear! Give a neighbour's ghost good cheer.

Holy Babe, our God and Brother, Bind us fast to one another!

Hark! the mill is at its work,

Now we pass beyond the murk

To the hollow, where the moon

Makes her silvery afternoon.

Good Saint Joseph, faithful spouse, Help us all to keep our vows!

Here the three old maidens dwell,
Agatha and Kate and Nell;
See, the moon shines on the thatch,
We will go and shake the latch.

Heart of Mary, cup of joy, Give us mirth without alloy!

Hush, 't is here, no noise, sing low,
Rap with gentle knuckles — so!
Like the little tapping birds,
On the door; then sing good words.

Meek Saint Anna, old and fair,
Hallow all the snow-white hair!

[60]

Little maidens old, sweet dreams!
Sleep one sleep till morning beams.
Mothers ye, who help us all,
Quick at hand, if ill befall.

Holy Gabriel, lily-laden,
Bless the aged mother-maiden!

Forward, mount the broad hillside
Swift as soldiers when they ride.
See the two towers how they peep,
Round-capped giants, o'er the steep.

Heart of Mary, by thy sorrow, Keep us upright through the morrow!

Now they rise quite suddenly

Like a man from bended knee,

Now Saint Märgen is in sight,

Here the roads branch off — good night!

Heart of Mary, by thy grace,

Give us with the saints a place!

1868.







SCENE I

A Salon lit with lamps and ornamented with green plants. An open piano, with many scattered sheets of music. Bronze busts of Beethoven and Gluck on pillars opposite each other. A small table spread with supper. To Fräulein Walpurga, who advances with a slight lameness of gait from an adjoining room, enters Graf Dornberg at the opposite door in a travelling dress.

GRAF

Good morning, Fräulein!

WALPURGA

What, so soon returned?

I feared your mission kept you still at Prague.

GRAF

But now arrived! You see my travelling dress.

I hurried from the panting, roaring steam

[65]

Like any courier of embassy

Who hides the fiends of war within his bag.

WALPURGA

You know that Armgart sings to-night?

GRAF

Has sung!

'T is close on half-past nine. The Orpheus
Lasts not so long. Her spirits — were they high?
Was Leo confident?

WALPURGA

He only feared

Some tameness at beginning. Let the house Once ring, he said, with plaudits, she is safe.

GRAF

And Armgart?

WALPURGA

She was stiller than her wont.

But once, at some such trivial word of mine,

As that the highest prize might yet be won

[66]

By her who took the second — she was roused.

"For me," she said, "I triumph or I fail.

I never strove for any second prize."

GRAF

Poor human-hearted singing-bird! She bears Cæsar's ambition in her delicate breast, And nought to still it with but quivering song!

WALPURGA

I had not for the world been there to-night: Unreasonable dread oft chills me more Than any reasonable hope can warm.

GRAF

You have a rare affection for your cousin; As tender as a sister's.

WALPURGA

Nay, I fear

My love is little more than what I felt For happy stories when I was a child. She fills my life that would be empty else, And lifts my nought to value by her side.

[67]

GRAF

She is reason good enough, or seems to be,
Why all were born whose being ministers
To her completeness. Is it most her voice
Subdues us? or her instinct exquisite,
Informing each old strain with some new grace
Which takes our sense like any natural good?
Or most her spiritual energy
That sweeps us in the current of her song?

WALPURGA

I know not. Losing either, we should lose
That whole we call our Armgart. For herself,
She often wonders what her life had been
Without that voice for channel to her soul.
She says, it must have leaped through all her
limbs—

Made her a Mænad — made her snatch a brand And fire some forest, that her rage might mount In crashing roaring flames through half a land, Leaving her still and patient for a while. "Poor wretch!" she says, of any murderess — "The world was cruel, and she could not sing:

[68]

I carry my revenges in my throat;
I love in singing, and am loved again."

GRAF

Mere mood! I cannot yet believe it more. Too much ambition has unwomaned her; But only for a while. Her nature hides One half its treasures by its very wealth, Taxing the hours to show it.

WALPURGA

Hark! she comes.

Enter Leo with a wreath in his hand, holding the door open for Armgart, who wears a furred mantle and hood. She is followed by her maid, carrying an armful of bouquets.

LEO

Place for the queen of song!

Graf (advancing towards Armgart, who throws off her hood and mantle, and shows a star of brilliants in her hair)

A triumph, then.

You will not be a niggard of your joy

And chide the eagerness that came to share it.

[69]

ARMGART

O kind! you hastened your return for me.

I would you had been there to hear me sing!

Walpurga, kiss me: never tremble more

Lest Armgart's wing should fail her. She has found

This night the region where her rapture breathes —

Pouring her passion on the air made live

With human heart-throbs. Tell them, Leo, tell them

How I outsang your hope and made you cry

Because Gluck could not hear me. That was folly!

He sang, not listened: every linkèd note

Was his immortal pulse that stirred in mine,

And all my gladness is but part of him.

Give me the wreath.

[She crowns the bust of GLUCK.

Leo (sardonically)

Ay, ay, but mark you this:

It was not part of him — that trill you made In spite of me and reason!

ARMGART

You were wrong —

Dear Leo, you were wrong: the house was held

[70]

As if a storm were listening with delight And hushed its thunder.

LEO

Will you ask the house
To teach you singing? Quit your Orpheus then,
And sing in farces grown to operas,
Where all the prurience of the full-fed mob
Is tickled with melodic impudence:
Jerk forth burlesque bravuras, square your arms
Akimbo with a tavern wench's grace,
And set the splendid compass of your voice
To lyric jigs. Go to! I thought you meant
To be an artist—lift your audience
To see your vision, not trick forth a show
To please the grossest taste of grossest numbers.

Armgart (taking up Leo's hand, and kissing it)
Pardon, good Leo, I am penitent.
I will do penance: sing a hundred trills
Into a deep-dug grave, then burying them
As one did Midas' secret, rid myself
Of naughty exultation. O I trilled

[71]

At nature's prompting, like the nightingales. Go scold them, dearest Leo.

LEO

I stop my ears.

Nature in Gluck inspiring Orpheus, Has done with nightingales. Are bird-beaks lips?

GRAF

Truce to rebukes! Tell us — who were not there — The double drama: how the expectant house Took the first notes.

Walpurga (turning from her occupation of decking the room with the flowers)

Yes, tell us all, dear Armgart.

Did you feel tremors? Leo, how did she look?

Was there a cheer to greet her?

LEO

Not a sound.

She walked like Orpheus in his solitude,
And seemed to see nought but what no man saw.
'T was famous. Not the Schroeder-Devrient

[72]

Had done it better. But your blessed public Had never any judgment in cold blood — Thinks all perhaps were better otherwise, Till Nature brings a reason.

Armgart (scornfully)

I knew that!

The women whispered, "Not a pretty face!"
The men, "Well, well, a goodly length of limb:
She bears the chiton." — It were all the same
Were I the Virgin Mother and my stage
The opening heavens at the Judgment-day:
Gossips would peep, jog elbows, rate the price
Of such a woman in the social mart.
What were the drama of the world to them,
Unless they felt the hell-prong?

LEO

Peace, now, peace!

I hate my phrases to be smothered o'er
With sauce of paraphrase, my sober tune
Made bass to rambling trebles, showering down
In endless demi-semi-quavers.

[73']

Armgart (taking a bon-bon from the table, uplifting it before putting it into her mouth, and turning away)

Mum!

GRAF

Yes, tell us all the glory, leave the blame.

WALPURGA

You first, dear Leo — what you saw and heard; Then Armgart — she must tell us what she felt.

LEO

Well! The first notes came clearly firmly forth.

And I was easy, for behind those rills
I knew there was a fountain. I could see
The house was breathing gently, heads were still;
Parrot opinion was struck meekly mute,
And human hearts were swelling. Armgart stood
As if she had been new-created there
And found her voice which found a melody.
The minx! Gluck had not written, nor I taught:
Orpheus was Armgart, Armgart Orpheus.
Well, well, all through the scena I could feel

The silence tremble now, now poise itself
With added weight of feeling, till at last
Delight o'er-toppled it. The final note
Had happy drowning in the unloosed roar
That surged and ebbed and ever surged again,
Till expectation kept it pent awhile
Ere Orpheus returned. Pfui! He was changed:
My demi-god was pale, had downcast eyes
That quivered like a bride's who fain would send
Backward the rising tear.

Armgart (advancing, but then turning away, as if to check her speech)

I was a bride,

As nuns are at their spousals.

LEO

Ay, my lady,

That moment will not come again: applause

May come and plenty; but the first, first draught!

(Snaps his fingers.)

Music has sounds for it — I know no words.

I felt it once myself when they performed

[75]

My overture to Sintram. Well! 't is strange, We know not pain from pleasure in such joy.

Armgart (turning quickly)

Oh, pleasure has cramped dwelling in our souls, And when full Being comes must call on pain To lend it liberal space.

WALPURGA

I hope the house

Kept a reserve of plaudits: I am jealous

Lest they had dulled themselves for coming good

That should have seemed the better and the best.

LEO

No, 't was a revel where they had but quaffed
Their opening cup. I thank the artist's star,
His audience keeps not sober: once afire,
They flame towards climax, though his merit hold
But fairly even.

Armgart (her hand on Leo's arm)

Now, now, confess the truth:

I sang still better to the very end —

[76]

All save the trill; I give that up to you,

To bite and growl at. Why, you said yourself,

Each time I sang, it seemed new doors were oped

That you might hear heaven clearer.

Leo (shaking his finger)

I was raving.

ARMGART

I am not glad with that mean vanity
Which knows no good beyond its appetite
Full feasting upon praise! I am only glad,
Being praised for what I know is worth the praise;
Glad of the proof that I myself have part
In what I worship! At the last applause —
Seeming a roar of tropic winds that tossed
The handkerchiefs and many-coloured flowers,
Falling like shattered rainbows all around —
Think you I felt myself a prima donna?
No, but a happy spiritual star
Such as old Dante saw, wrought in a rose
Of light in Paradise, whose only self
Was consciousness of glory wide-diffused,

Music, life, power — I moving in the midst With a sublime necessity of good.

Leo (with a shrug)

I thought it was a prima donna came
Within the side-scenes; ay, and she was proud
To find the bouquet from the royal box
Enclosed a jewel-case, and proud to wear
A star of brilliants, quite an earthly star,
Valued by thalers. Come, my lady, own
Ambition has five senses, and a self
That gives it good warm lodging when it sinks
Plump down from ecstasy.

ARMGART

Own it? why not?

Am I a sage whose words must fall like seed
Silently buried toward a far-off spring?
I sing to living men and my effect
Is like the summer's sun, that ripens corn
Or now or never. If the world brings me gifts,
Gold, incense, myrrh — 't will be the needful sign
That I have stirred it as the high year stirs
Before I sink to winter.

[78]

GRAF

Ecstasies

Are short — most happily! We should but lose
Were Armgart borne too commonly and long
Out of the self that charms us. Could I choose,
She were less apt to soar beyond the reach
Of woman's foibles, innocent vanities,
Fondness for trifles like that pretty star
Twinkling beside her cloud of ebon hair.

Armgart (taking out the gem and looking at it)
This little star! I would it were the seed
Of a whole Milky Way, if such bright shimmer
Were the sole speech men told their rapture with
At Armgart's music. Shall I turn aside
From splendours which flash out the glow I make,
And live to make, in all the chosen breasts
Of half a Continent? No, may it come,
That splendour! May the day be near when men
Think much to let my horses draw me home,
And new lands welcome me upon their beach,
Loving me for my fame. That is the truth
Of what I wish, nay, yearn for. Shall I lie?

Pretend to seek obscurity — to sing
In hope of disregard? A vile pretence!
And blasphemy besides. For what is fame
But the benignant strength of One, transformed
To joy of Many? Tributes, plaudits come
As necessary breathing of such joy;
And may they come to me!

GRAF

The auguries
Point clearly that way. Is it no offence
To wish the eagle's wing may find repose,
As feebler wings do, in a quiet nest?
Or has the taste of fame already turned

Leo (going to the table)

Who needs no supper.

I am her priest, ready to eat her share Of good Walpurga's offerings.

WALPURGA

Armgart, come.

Graf, will you come?

The Woman to a Muse—

[80]

GRAF

Thanks, I play truant here,
And must retrieve my self-indulged delay.
But will the Muse receive a votary
At any hour to-morrow?

ARMGART

Any hour

After rehearsal, after twelve at noon.

SCENE II

The same Salon, morning. ARMGART seated, in her bonnet and walking dress. The GRAF standing near her against the piano.

GRAF

Armgart, to many minds the first success
Is reason for desisting. I have known
A man so versatile, he tried all arts,
But when in each by turns he had achieved
Just so much mastery as made men say,
"He could be king here if he would," he threw
The lauded skill aside. He hates, said one,
The level of achieved preëminence,
He must be conquering still; but others said—

ARMGART

The truth, I hope: he had a meagre soul,
Holding no depth where love could root itself.
"Could if he would?" True greatness ever wills—
It lives in wholeness if it live at all,
And all its strength is knit with constancy.

GRAF

He used to say himself he was too sane To give his life away for excellence Which yet must stand, an ivory statuette Wrought to perfection through long lonely years, Huddled in the mart of mediocrities. He said, the very finest doing wins The admiring only; but to leave undone, Promise and not fulfil, like buried youth, Wins all the envious, makes them sigh your name As that fair Absent, blameless Possible, Which could alone impassion them; and thus, Serene negation has free gift of all, Panting achievement struggles, is denied, Or wins to lose again. What say you, Armgart? Truth has rough flavours if we bite it through; I think this sarcasm came from out its core Of bitter irony.

ARMGART

It is the truth

Mean souls select to feed upon. What then?

Their meanness is a truth, which I will spurn.

The praise I seek lives not in envious breath

[83]

Using my name to blight another's deed.

I sing for love of song and that renown

Which is the spreading act, the world-wide share,

Of good that I was born with. Had I failed —

Well, that had been a truth most pitiable;

I cannot bear to think what life would be

With high hope shrunk to endurance, stunted aims

Like broken lances ground to eating-knives,

A self sunk down to look with level eyes

At low achievement, doomed from day to day

To distaste of its consciousness. But I —

GRAF

Have won, not lost, in your decisive throw.

And I too glory in this issue; yet,

The public verdict has no potency

To sway my judgment of what Armgart is:

My pure delight in her would be but sullied,

If it o'erflowed with mixture of men's praise.

And had she failed, I should have said, "The pearl Remains a pearl for me, reflects the light

With the same fitness that first charmed my gaze —

Is worth as fine a setting now as then."

ARMGART (rising)

Oh, you are good! But why will you rehearse The talk of cynics, who with insect eyes Explore the secrets of the rubbish-heap? I hate your epigrams and pointed saws Whose narrow truth is but broad falsity. Confess your friend was shallow.

GRAF

I confess

Life is not rounded in an epigram,
And saying aught, we leave a world unsaid.
I quoted, merely to shape forth my thought
That high success has terrors when achieved —
Like preternatural spouses whose dire love
Hangs perilous on slight observances:
Whence it were possible that Armgart crowned
Might turn and listen to a pleading voice,
Though Armgart striving in the race was deaf.
You said you dared not think what life had been
Without the stamp of eminence; have you thought
How you will bear the poise of eminence
With dread of sliding? Paint the future out

As an unchecked and glorious career, 'T will grow more strenuous by the very love You bear to excellence, the very fate Of human powers, which tread at every step On possible verges.

ARMGART

I accept the peril.

I choose to walk high with sublimer tread Rather than crawl in safety. And, besides, I am an artist as you are a noble: I ought to bear the burthen of my rank.

GRAF

Such parallels, dear Armgart, are but snares To catch the mind with seeming argument — Small baits of likeness 'mid disparity. Men rise the higher as their task is high, The task being well achieved. A woman's rank Lies in the fulness of her womanhood: Therein alone she is royal.

ARMGART

Yes, I know

The oft-taught Gospel: "Woman, thy desire

[86]

Shall be that all superlatives on earth Belong to men, save the one highest kind — To be a mother. Thou shalt not desire To do aught best save pure subservience: Nature has willed it so!" O blessed Nature! Let her be arbitress; she gave me voice Such as she only gives a woman child, Best of its kind, gave me ambition too, That sense transcendent which can taste the joy Of swaying multitudes, of being adored For such achievement, needed excellence, As man's best art must wait for, or be dumb. Men did not say, when I had sung last night, "'T was good, nay, wonderful, considering She is a woman" — and then turn to add, "Tenor or baritone had sung her songs Better, of course: she's but a woman spoiled." I beg your pardon, Graf, you said it.

GRAF

No!

How should I say it, Armgart? I who own The magic of your nature-given art

[87]

As sweetest effluence of your womanhood Which, being to my choice the best, must find The best of utterance. But this I say: Your fervid youth beguiles you; you mistake A strain of lyric passion for a life Which in the spending is a chronicle With ugly pages. Trust me, Armgart, trust me; Ambition exquisite as yours which soars Toward something quintessential you call fame, Is not robust enough for this gross world Whose fame is dense with false and foolish breath. Ardour, a-twin with nice refining thought, Prepares a double pain. Pain had been saved, Nay, purer glory reached, had you been throned As woman only, holding all your art As attribute to that dear sovereignty — Concentering your power in home delights Which penetrate and purify the world.

ARMGART

What! leave the opera with my part ill-sung
While I was warbling in a drawing-room?
Sing in the chimney-corner to inspire

[88]

My husband reading news? Let the world hear My music only in his morning speech Less stammering than most honourable men's? No! tell me that my song is poor, my art The piteous feat of weakness aping strength — That were fit proem to your argument. Till then, I am an artist by my birth — By the same warrant that I am a woman: Nay, in the added rarer gift I see Supreme vocation: if a conflict comes, Perish — no, not the woman, but the joys Which men make narrow by their narrowness. Oh, I am happy! The great masters write For women's voices, and great Music wants me! I need not crush myself within a mould Of theory called Nature: I have room To breathe and grow unstunted.

GRAF

Armgart, hear me.

I meant not that our talk should hurry on

To such collision. Foresight of the ills

Thick shadowing your path, drew on my speech

[89]

Beyond intention. True, I came to ask

A great renunciation, but not this

Towards which my words at first perversely strayed,

As if in memory of their earlier suit,

Forgetful

Armgart, do you remember too? the suit

Had but postponement, was not quite disdained —

Was told to wait and learn — what it has learned —

A more submissive speech.

Armgart (with some agitation)

Then it forgot

Its lesson cruelly. As I remember,
'T was not to speak save to the artist crowned,
Nor speak to her of casting off her crown.

GRAF

Nor will it, Armgart. I come not to seek
Any renunciation save the wife's,
Which turns away from other possible love
Future and worthier, to take his love
Who asks the name of husband. He who sought
Armgart obscure, and heard her answer, "Wait"—

[90]

May come without suspicion now to seek Armgart applauded.

Armgart (turning towards him)

Yes, without suspicion Of aught save what consists with faithfulness In all expressed intent. Forgive me, Graf — I am ungrateful to no soul that loves me — To you most grateful. Yet the best intent Grasps but a living present which may grow Like any unfledged bird. You are a noble, And have a high career; just now you said 'T was higher far than aught a woman seeks Beyond mere womanhood. You claim to be More than a husband, but could not rejoice That I were more than wife. What follows, then? You choosing me with such persistency As is but stretched-out rashness, soon must find Our marriage asks concessions, asks resolve To share renunciation or demand it. Either we both renounce a mutual ease. As in a nation's need both man and wife Do public services, or one of us

Must yield that something else for which each lives
Besides the other. Men are reasoners:

That premiss of superior claims perforce
Urges conclusion — "Armgart, it is you."

GRAF

But if I say I have considered this

With strict prevision, counted all the cost

Which that great good of loving you demands —

Questioned my stores of patience, half resolved

To live resigned without a bliss whose threat

Touched you as well as me — and finally,

With impetus of undivided will

Returned to say, "You shall be free as now;

Only accept the refuge, shelter, guard,

My love will give your freedom"—then your words

Are hard accusal.

ARMGART

 $\label{eq:Well,I} \mbox{Well, I accuse myself.}$ My love would be accomplice of your will.

GRAF

Again - my will?

[92]

. ARMGART

Oh, your unspoken will.

Your silent tolerance would torture me,

And on that rack I should deny the good
I yet believed in.

GRAF

Then I am the man
Whom you would love?

ARMGART

Whom I refuse to love!

No; I will live alone and pour my pain
With passion into music, where it turns
To what is best within my better self.
I will not take for husband one who deems
The thing my soul acknowledges as good —
The thing I hold worth striving, suffering for,
To be a thing dispensed with easily,
Or else the idol of a mind infirm.

GRAF

Armgart, you are ungenerous; you strain
My thought beyond its mark. Our difference

[93]

Lies not so deep as love — as union Through a mysterious fitness that transcends Formal agreement.

ARMGART

It lies deep enough

To chafe the union. If many a man Refrains, degraded, from the utmost right, Because the pleadings of his wife's small fears Are little serpents biting at his heel, — How shall a woman keep her steadfastness Beneath a frost within her husband's eyes Where coldness scorches? Graf, it is your sorrow That you love Armgart. Nay, it is her sorrow That she may not love you.

GRAF

Woman, it seems,

Has enviable power to love or not According to her will.

ARMGART

She has the will —

I have — who am one woman — not to take

[94]

Disloyal pledges that divide her will.

The man who marries me must wed my Art —

Honour and cherish it, not tolerate.

GRAF

The man is yet to come whose theory Will weigh as nought with you against his love.

ARMGART

Whose theory will plead beside his love.

GRAF

Himself a singer, then? who knows no life Out of the opera books, where tenor parts Are found to suit him?

ARMGART

You are bitter, Graf.

Forgive me; seek the woman you deserve,
All grace, all goodness, who has not yet found
A meaning in her life, nor any end
Beyond fulfilling yours. The type abounds.

GRAF

And happily, for the world.

[95]

ARMGART

Yes, happily.

Let it excuse me that my kind is rare: Commonness is its own security.

GRAF

Armgart, I would with all my soul I knew The man so rare that he could make your life As woman sweet to you, as artist safe.

ARMGART

Oh, I can live unmated, but not live Without the bliss of singing to the world, And feeling all my world respond to me.

GRAF

May it be lasting. Then, we two must part?

ARMGART

I thank you from my heart for all. Farewell!

SCENE III

A YEAR LATER

The same Salon. Walpurga is standing looking towards
the window with an air of uneasiness. Doctor
Grahn.

DOCTOR

Where is my patient, Fräulein?

WALPURGA

Fled! escaped!

Gone to rehearsal. Is it dangerous?

DOCTOR

No, no; her throat is cured. I only came

To hear her try her voice. Had she yet sung?

WALPURGA

No; she had meant to wait for you. She said, "The Doctor has a right to my first song."

Her gratitude was full of little plans,
But all were swept away like gathered flowers
By sudden storm. She saw this opera bill—

[97]

It was a wasp to sting her: she turned pale,
Snatched up her hat and mufflers, said in haste,
"I go to Leo — to rehearsal — none
Shall sing Fidelio to-night but me!"
Then rushed down-stairs.

DOCTOR (looking at his watch)

And this, not long ago?

WALPURGA

Barely an hour.

DOCTOR

I will come again,
Returning from Charlottenburg at one.

WALPURGA

Doctor, I feel a strange presentiment.

Are you quite easy?

DOCTOR

She can take no harm.

'T was time for her to sing: her throat is well.

It was a fierce attack, and dangerous;

I had to use strong remedies, but — well!

At one, dear Fräulein, we shall meet again.

[98]

SCENE IV

Two Hours Later

Walpurga starts up, looking towards the door. ArmGart enters, followed by Leo. She throws herself on
a chair which stands with its back towards the door,
speechless, not seeming to see anything. Walpurga
casts a questioning terrified look at Leo. He shrugs
his shoulders, and lifts up his hands behind Armgart,
who sits like a helpless image, while Walpurga takes
off her hat and mantle.

WALPURGA

Armgart, dear Armgart (kneeling and taking her hands), only speak to me,

Your poor Walpurga. Oh, your hands are cold.

Clasp mine, and warm them! I will kiss them warm.

(ARMGART looks at her an instant, then draws away her hands, and, turning aside, buries her face against the back of the chair, Wal-Purga rising and standing near.)

(Doctor Grahn enters.)

[99]

DOCTOR

News! stirring news to-day! wonders come thick.

Armgart (starting up at the first sound of his voice, and speaking vehemently)

Yes, thick, thick! and you have murdered it!

Murdered my voice — poisoned the soul in me,

And kept me living.

You never told me that your cruel cures

Were clogging films — a mouldy, dead'ning blight —
A lava-mud to crust and bury me,
Yet hold me living in a deep, deep tomb,
Crying unheard for ever! Oh, your cures
Are devil's triumphs: you can rob, maim, slay,
And keep a hell on the other side your cure
Where you can see your victim quivering
Between the teeth of torture — see a soul
Made keen by loss — all anguish with a good
Once known and gone!

(Turns and sinks back on her chair.)

O misery, misery!

You might have killed me, might have let me sleep After my happy day and wake — not here!

[100]

In some new unremembered world, — not here, Where all is faded, flat — a feast broke off — Banners all meaningless — exulting words Dull, dull — a drum that lingers in the air Beating to melody which no man hears.

Doctor (after a moment's silence)

A sudden check has shaken you, poor child! All things seem livid, tottering to your sense, From inward tumult. Stricken by a threat You see your terrors only. Tell me, Leo: 'T is not such utter loss.

(Leo, with a shrug, goes quietly out.)

The freshest bloom

Merely, has left the fruit; the fruit itself —

ARMGART

Is ruined, withered, is a thing to hide
Away from scorn or pity. Oh, you stand
And look compassionate now, but when Death came
With mercy in his hands, you hindered him.
I did not choose to live and have your pity.
You never told me, never gave me choice

[101]

To die a singer, lightning-struck, unmaimed,
Or live what you would make me with your cures —
A self accursed with consciousness of change,
A mind that lives in nought but members lopped,
A power turned to pain — as meaningless
As letters fallen asunder that once made
A hymn of rapture. Oh, I had meaning once,
Like day and sweetest air. What am I now?
The millionth woman in superfluous herds.
Why should I be, do, think? 'T is thistle-seed,
That grows and grows to feed the rubbish-heap.
Leave me alone!

DOCTOR

Well, I will come again;
Send for me when you will, though but to rate me.
That is medicinal — a letting blood.

ARMGART

Oh, there is one physician, only one,
Who cures and never spoils. Him I shall send for;
He comes readily.

Doctor (to Walpurga)

One word, dear Fräulein.

[102]

SCENE V

ARMGART, WALPURGA

ARMGART

Walpurga, have you walked this morning?

WALPURGA

No.

ARMGART

Go, then, and walk; I wish to be alone.

WALPURGA

I will not leave you.

ARMGART

Will not, at my wish?

WALPURGA

Will not, because you wish it. Say no more, But take this draught.

ARMGART

The Doctor gave it you?

It is an anodyne. Put it away.

He cured me of my voice, and now he wants

[103]

To cure me of my vision and resolve —
Drug me to sleep that I may wake again
Without a purpose, abject as the rest
To bear the yoke of life. He shall not cheat me
Of that fresh strength which anguish gives the soul,
The inspiration of revolt, ere rage
Slackens to faltering. Now I see the truth.

Walpurga (setting down the glass)
Then you must see a future in your reach,
With happiness enough to make a dower
For two of modest claims.

ARMGART

Oh, you intone
That chant of consolation wherewith ease
Makes itself easier in the sight of pain.

WALPURGA

No: I would not console you, but rebuke.

ARMGART

That is more bearable. Forgive me, dear.

Say what you will. But now I want to write.

(She rises and moves towards a table.)

[104]

WALPURGA

I say then, you are simply fevered, mad;
You cry aloud at horrors that would vanish
If you would change the light, throw into shade
The loss you aggrandise, and let day fall
On good remaining, nay on good refused
Which may be gain now. Did you not reject
A woman's lot more brilliant, as some held,
Than any singer's? It may still be yours.
Graf Dornberg loved you well.

ARMGART

Not me, not me.

He loved one well who was like me in all Save in a voice which made that All unlike As diamond is to charcoal. Oh, a man's love! Think you he loves a woman's inner self Aching with loss of loveliness?— as mothers Cleave to the palpitating pain that dwells Within their misformed offspring?

WALPURGA

But the Graf

Chose you as simple Armgart — had preferred

[105]

That you should never seek for any fame
But such as matrons have who rear great sons.
And therefore you rejected him; but now—

ARMGART

Ay, now — now he would see me as I am,

(She takes up a hand-mirror.)

Russet and songless as a missel-thrush.

An ordinary girl — a plain brown girl,

Who, if some meaning flash from out her words,

Shocks as a disproportioned thing — a Will

That, like an arm astretch and broken off,

Has nought to hurl — the torso of a soul.

I sang him into love of me: my song

Was consecration, lifted me apart

From the crowd chiselled like me, sister forms,

But empty of divineness. Nay, my charm

Was half that I could win fame yet renounce!

A wife with glory possible absorbed

Into her husband's actual.

WALPURGA

For shame!

Armgart, you slander him. What would you say

[106]

If now he came to you and asked again That you would be his wife?

ARMGART

No, and thrice no!

It would be pitying constancy, not love,

That brought him to me now. I will not be
A pensioner in marriage. Sacraments

Are not to feed the paupers of the world.

If he were generous — I am generous too.

WALPURGA

Proud, Armgart, but not generous.

ARMGART

Say no more.

He will not know until -

WALPURGA

He knows already.

Armgart (quickly)

Is he come back?

[107]

WALPURGA

Yes, and will soon be here.

The Doctor had twice seen him and would go From hence again to see him.

ARMGART

Well, he knows.

It is all one.

WALPURGA

What if he were outside?

I hear a footstep in the ante-room.

Armgart (raising herself and assuming calmness)
Why let him come, of course. I shall behave
Like what I am, a common personage
Who looks for nothing but civility.
I shall not play the fallen heroine,
Assume a tragic part and throw out cues
For a beseeching lover.

WALPURGA

Some one raps.

(Goes to the door.)

A letter — from the Graf.

[108]

ARMGART

Then open it.

(WALPURGA still offers it.)

Nay, my head swims. Read it. I cannot see.

(Walpurga opens it, reads and pauses.)

Read it. Have done! No matter what it is.

Walpurga (reads in a low, hesitating voice)

"I am deeply moved — my heart is rent, to hear of your illness and its cruel result, just now communicated to me by Dr. Grahn. But surely it is possible that this result may not be permanent. For youth such as yours, Time may hold in store something more than resignation: who shall say that it does not hold renewal? I have not dared to ask admission to you in the hours of a recent shock, but I cannot depart on a long mission without tendering my sympathy and my farewell. I start this evening for the Caucasus, and thence I proceed to India, where I am intrusted by the Government with business which may be of long duration."

(WALPURGA sits down dejectedly.)

Armgart (after a slight shudder, bitterly)
The Graf has much discretion. I am glad.

[109]

He spares us both a pain, not seeing me.

What I like least is that consoling hope —

That empty cup, so neatly ciphered "Time,"

Handed me as a cordial for despair.

(Slowly and dreamily) Time — what a word to fling as charity!

Bland neutral word for slow, dull-beating pain —

Days, months, and years! — If I would wait for them.

(She takes up her hat and puts it on, then wraps her mantle round her. WALPURGA leaves the room.)

Why, this is but beginning. (WALP. reënters.) Kiss me, dear

I am going now — alone — out — for a walk.

Say you will never wound me any more

With such cajolery as nurses use

To patients amorous of a crippled life.

Flatter the blind: I see.

WALPURGA

Well, I was wrong.

In haste to soothe, I snatched at flickers merely. Believe me, I will flatter you no more.

[110]

ARMGART

Bear witness, I am calm. I read my lot As soberly as if it were a tale Writ by a creeping feuilletonist and called "The Woman's Lot: a Tale of Everyday:" A middling woman's, to impress the world With high superfluousness; her thoughts a crop Of chick-weed errors or of pot-herb facts, Smiled at like some child's drawing on a slate. "Genteel?" "O yes, gives lessons; not so good As any man's would be, but cheaper far." "Pretty?" "No; yet she makes a figure fit For good society. Poor thing, she sews Both late and early, turns and alters all To suit the changing mode. Some widower Might do well, marrying her; but in these days!— Well, she can somewhat eke her narrow gains By writing, just to furnish her with gloves And droschkies in the rain. They print her things Often for charity." — Oh, a dog's life! A harnessed dog's, that draws a little cart Voted a nuisance! I am going now.

WALPURGA

Not now, the door is locked.

ARMGART

Give me the key!

WALPURGA

Locked on the outside. Gretchen has the key: She is gone on errands.

ARMGART

What, you dare to keep me

Your prisoner?

WALPURGA

And have I not been yours?

Your wish has been a bolt to keep me in.

Perhaps that middling woman whom you paint
With far-off scorn —

ARMGART

I paint what I must be!
What is my soul to me without the voice
That gave it freedom?—gave it one grand touch

And made it nobly human? — Prisoned now,
Prisoned in all the petty mimicries
Called woman's knowledge, that will fit the world
As doll-clothes fit a man. I can do nought
Better than what a million women do —
Must drudge among the crowd and feel my life
Beating upon the world without response,
Beating with passion through an insect's horn
That moves a millet-seed laboriously.
If I would do it!

Walpurga (coldly)

And why should you not?

Armgart (turning quickly)

Because Heaven made me royal — wrought me out
With subtle finish towards pre-eminence,
Made every channel of my soul converge
To one high function, and then flung me down,
That breaking I might turn to subtlest pain.
An inborn passion gives a rebel's right:
I would rebel and die in twenty worlds
Sooner than bear the yoke of thwarted life,

[113]

Each keenest sense turned into keen distaste,
Hunger not satisfied but kept alive
Breathing in languor half a century.
All the world now is but a rack of threads
To twist and dwarf me into pettiness
And basely feigned content, the placid mask
Of women's misery.

WALPURGA (indignantly)

Ay, such a mask

As the few born like you to easy joy,
Cradled in privilege, take for natural
On all the lowly faces that must look
Upward to you! What revelation now
Shows you the mask or gives presentiment
Of sadness hidden? You who every day
These five years saw me limp to wait on you,
And thought the order perfect which gave me,
The girl without pretension to be aught,
A splendid cousin for my happiness:
To watch the night through when her brain was fired
With too much gladness — listen, always listen
To what she felt, who having power had right

The souls around her with the poured-out flood
Of what must be ere she were satisfied!
That was feigned patience, was it? Why not love,
Love nurtured even with that strength of self
Which found no room save in another's life?
Oh, such as I know joy by negatives,
And all their deepest passion is a pang
Till they accept their pauper's heritage,
And meekly live from out the general store
Of joy they were born stripped of. I accept —
Nay, now would sooner choose it than the wealth
Of natures you call royal, who can live
In mere mock knowledge of their fellows' woe,
Thinking their smiles may heal it.

Armgart (tremulously)

Nay, Walpurga,

I did not make a palace of my joy

To shut the world's truth from me. All my good

Was that I touched the world and made a part

In the world's dower of beauty, strength, and bliss;

It was the glimpse of consciousness divine

[115]

Which pours out day and sees the day is good.

Now I am fallen dark; I sit in gloom,

Remembering bitterly. Yet you speak truth;

I wearied you, it seems; took all your help

As cushioned nobles use a weary serf,

Not looking at his face.

WALPURGA

Oh, I but stand

As a small symbol for the mighty sum
Of claims unpaid to needy myriads;
I think you never set your loss beside
That mighty deficit. Is your work gone —
The prouder queenly work that paid itself
And yet was overpaid with men's applause?
Are you no longer chartered, privileged,
But sunk to simple woman's penury,
To ruthless Nature's chary average —
Where is the rebel's right for you alone?
Noble rebellion lifts a common load;
But what is he who flings his own load off
And leaves his fellows toiling? Rebel's right?
Say rather, the deserter's. Oh, you smiled

[116]

From your clear height on all the million lots Which yet you brand as abject.

ARMGART

I was blind

With too much happiness: true vision comes
Only, it seems, with sorrow. Were there one
This moment near me, suffering what I feel,
And needing me for comfort in her pang —
Then it were worth the while to live; not else.

WALPURGA

One — near you — why, they throng! you hardly stir But your act touches them. We touch afar.

For did not swarthy slaves of yesterday

Leap in their bondage at the Hebrews' flight,

Which touched them through the thrice millennial dark?

But you can find the sufferer you need

With touch less subtle.

ARMGART

Who has need of me?

WALPURGA

Love finds the need it fills. But you are hard.

[117]

ARMGART

Is it not you, Walpurga, who are hard? You humoured all my wishes till to-day, When fate has blighted me.

WALPURGA

You would not hear The "chant of consolation:" words of hope Only embittered you. Then hear the truth — A lame girl's truth, whom no one ever praised For being cheerful. "It is well," they said: "Were she cross-grained she could not be endured." A word of truth from her had startled you; But you — you claimed the universe; nought less Than all existence working in sure tracks Towards your supremacy. The wheels might scathe A myriad destinies — nay, must perforce; But yours they must keep clear of; just for you The seething atoms through the firmament Must bear a human heart — which you had not! For what is it to you that women, men, Plod, faint, are weary, and espouse despair Of aught but fellowship? Save that you spurn

[118]

To be among them? Now, then, you are lame — Maimed, as you said, and levelled with the crowd: Call it new birth — birth from that monstrous Self Which, smiling down upon a race oppressed, Says, "All is good, for I am throned at ease." Dear Armgart — nay, you tremble — I am cruel.

ARMGART

O no! hark! Some one knocks. Come in!—come in! (Enter Leo.)

LEO

See, Gretchen let me in. I could not rest Longer away from you.

ARMGART

Sit down, dear Leo.

Walpurga, I would speak with him alone.

(Walpurga goes out.)

Leo (hesitatingly)

You mean to walk?

[119]

ARMGART

No, I shall stay within.

(She takes off her hat and mantle, and sits down immediately. After a pause, speaking in a subdued tone to LEO.)

How old are you?

LEO

Threescore and five.

ARMGART

That's old.

I never thought till now how you have lived. They hardly ever play your music?

Leo (raising his eyebrows and throwing out his lip)

No!

Schubert too wrote for silence: half his work Lay like a frozen Rhine till summers came That warmed the grass above him. Even so! His music lives now with a mighty youth.

ARMGART

Do you think yours will live when you are dead?

[120]

LEO

Pfui! The time was, I drank that home-brewed wine.

And found it heady, while my blood was young:

Now it scarce warms me. Tipple it as I may,
I am sober still, and say: "My old friend Leo,
Much grain is wasted in the world and rots;
Why not thy handful?"

ARMGART

Strange! since I have known you Till now I never wondered how you lived.

When I sang well — that was your jubilee.

But you were old already.

LEO

Yes, child, yes:

Youth thinks itself the goal of each old life; Age has but travelled from a far-off time Just to be ready for youth's service. Well! It was my chief delight to perfect you.

ARMGART

Good Leo! You have lived on little joys. But your delight in me is crushed for ever

[121]

Your pains, where are they now? They shaped intent Which action frustrates; shaped an inward sense Which is but keen despair, the agony Of highest vision in the lowest pit.

LEO

Nay, nay, I have a thought: keep to the stage,
To drama without song; for you can act—
Who knows how well, when all the soul is poured
Into that sluice alone?

ARMGART

I know, and you:

The second or third best in tragedies

That cease to touch the fibre of the time.

No; song is gone, but nature's other gift,

Self-judgment, is not gone. Song was my speech,

And with its impulse only, action came:

Song was the battle's onset, when cool purpose

Glows into rage, becomes a warring god

And moves the limbs with miracle. But now —

Oh, I should stand hemmed in with thoughts and

rules —

[122]

ARMGART

The might of passion. How should I declaim?

As monsters write with feet instead of hands.

I will not feed on doing great tasks ill,

Dull the world's sense with mediocrity,

And live by trash that smothers excellence.

One gift I had that ranked me with the best—

The secret of my frame— and that is gone.

For all life now I am a broken thing.

But silence there! Good Leo, advise me now.

I would take humble work and do it well—

Teach music, singing— what I can— not here,

But in some smaller town where I may bring

The method you have taught me, pass your gift

To others who can use it for delight.

You think I can do that?

(She pauses with a sob in her voice.)

LEO

Yes, yes, dear child!

And it were well, perhaps, to change the place—Begin afresh as I did when I left
Vienna with a heart half broken.

[123]

ARMGART

Armgart (roused by surprise)

You?

LEO

Well, it is long ago. But I had lost —
No matter! We must bury our dead joys
And live above them with a living world.
But whither, think you, you would like to go?

ARMGART

To Freiburg.

LEO

In the Breisgau? And why there? It is too small.

ARMGART

Walpurga was born there,
And loves the place. She quitted it for me
These five years past. Now I will take her there.
Dear Leo, I will bury my dead joy.

LEO

Mothers do so, bereaved; then learn to love Another's living child.

[124]

ARMGART

ARMGART

Oh, it is hard

To take the little corpse, and lay it low, And say, "None misses it but me." She sings . . .

I mean Paulina sings Fidelio, And they will welcome her to-night.

LEO

Well, well,

'T is better that our griefs should not spread far. 1870.











IX hundred years ago, in Dante's time, Before his cheek was furrowed by deep rhyme — When Europe, fed afresh from Eastern story, Was like a garden tangled with the glory Of flowers hand-planted and of flowers air-sown, Climbing and trailing, budding and full-blown, Where purple bells are tossed amid pink stars, And springing blades, green troops in innocent wars, Crowd every shady spot of teeming earth, Making invisible motion visible birth — Six hundred years ago, Palermo town Kept holiday. A deed of great renown, A high revenge, had freed it from the yoke Of hated Frenchmen, and from Calpe's rock To where the Bosporus caught the earlier sun, 'T was told that Pedro, King of Aragon, Was welcomed master of all Sicily, A royal knight, supreme as kings should be In strength and gentleness that make high chivalry.

Spain was the favourite home of knightly grace, Where generous men rode steeds of generous race; Both Spanish, yet half-Arab, both inspired By mutual spirit, that each motion fired With beauteous response, like minstrelsy Afresh fulfilling fresh expectancy. So when Palermo made high festival, The joy of matrons and of maidens all Was the mock terror of the tournament, Where safety, with the glimpse of danger blent, Took exaltation as from epic song Which greatly tells the pains that to great life belong. And in all eyes King Pedro was the king Of cavaliers: as in a full-gemmed ring The largest ruby, or as that bright star Whose shining shows us where the Hyads are. His the best jennet, and he sat it best; His weapon, whether tilting or in rest, Was worthiest watching, and his face once seen Gave to the promise of his royal mien Such rich fulfilment as the opened eyes Of a loved sleeper, or the long-watched rise Of vernal day, whose joy o'er stream and meadow flies.

[130]

But of the maiden forms that thick enwreathed The broad piazza and sweet witchery breathed, With innocent faces budding all arow From balconies and windows high and low, Who was it felt the deep mysterious glow, The impregnation with supernal fire Of young ideal love — transformed desire, Whose passion is but worship of that Best Taught by the many-mingled creed of each young breast? 'T was gentle Lisa, of no noble line, Child of Bernardo, a rich Florentine. Who from his merchant-city hither came To trade in drugs; yet kept an honest fame, And had the virtue not to try and sell Drugs that had none. He loved his riches well, But loved them chiefly for his Lisa's sake, Whom with a father's care he sought to make The bride of some true honourable man: — Of Perdicone (so the rumour ran), Whose birth was higher than his fortunes were; For still your trader likes a mixture fair Of blood that hurries to some higher strain Than reckoning money's loss and money's gain.

And of such mixture good may surely come:

Lords' scions so may learn to cast a sum,

A trader's grandson bear a well-set head,

And have less conscious manners, better bred;

Nor, when he tries to be polite, be rude instead.

'T was Perdicone's friends made overtures To good Bernardo; so one dame assures Her neighbour dame who notices the youth Fixing his eyes on Lisa; and in truth Eyes that could see her on this summer day Might find it hard to turn another way. She had a pensive beauty, yet not sad; Rather, like minor cadences that glad The hearts of little birds amid spring boughs; And oft the trumpet or the joust would rouse Pulses that gave her cheek a finer glow, Parting her lips that seemed a mimic bow By chiselling Love for play in coral wrought, Then quickened by him with the passionate thought, The soul that trembled in the lustrous night Of slow long eyes. Her body was so slight, It seemed she could have floated in the sky,

And with the angelic choir made symphony;
But in her cheek's rich tinge, and in the dark
Of darkest hair and eyes, she bore a mark
Of kinship to her generous mother earth,
The fervid land that gives the plumy palm-trees birth.

She saw not Perdicone; her young mind Dreamed not that any man had ever pined For such a little simple maid as she: She had but dreamed how heavenly it would be To love some hero noble, beauteous, great, Who would live stories worthy to narrate, Like Roland, or the warriors of Troy, The Cid, or Amadis, or that fair boy Who conquered everything beneath the sun, And somehow, some time, died at Babylon Fighting the Moors. For heroes all were good And fair as that archangel who withstood The Evil One, the author of all wrong — That Evil One who made the French so strong; And now the flower of heroes must be he Who drove those tyrants from dear Sicily, So that her maids might walk to vespers tranquilly.

[133]

Young Lisa saw this hero in the King,
And as wood-lilies that sweet odours bring
Might dream the light that opes their modest
eyne

Was lily-odoured, — and as rites divine,
Round turf-laid altars, or 'neath roofs of stone,
Draw sanctity from out the heart alone
That loves and worships, so the miniature
Perplexed of her soul's world, all virgin pure,
Filled with heroic virtues that bright form,
Raona's royalty, the finished norm
Of horsemanship — the half of chivalry:
For how could generous men avengers be,
Save as God's messengers on coursers fleet? —
These, scouring earth, made Spain with Syria
meet

In one self world where the same right had sway,
And good must grow as grew the blessed day.
No more; great Love his essence had endued
With Pedro's form, and entering subdued
The soul of Lisa, fervid and intense,
Proud in its choice of proud obedience
To hardship glorified by perfect reverence.

Sweet Lisa homeward carried that dire guest, And in her chamber through the hours of rest The darkness was alight for her with sheen Of arms, and plumèd helm, and bright between Their commoner gloss, like the pure living spring 'Twixt porphyry lips, or living bird's bright wing ' 'Twixt golden wires, the glances of the King Flashed on her soul, and waked vibrations there Of known delights love-mixed to new and rare: The impalpable dream was turned to breathing flesh, Chill thought of summer to the warm close mesh Of sunbeams held between the citron-leaves. Clothing her life of life. Oh, she believes That she could be content if he but knew (Her poor small self could claim no other due) How Lisa's lowly love had highest reach Of wingèd passion, whereto wingèd speech Would be scorched remnants left by mounting flame. Though, had she such lame message, were it blame To tell what greatness dwelt in her, what rank She held in loving? Modest maidens shrank From telling love that fed on selfish hope; But love, as hopeless as the shattering song

Wailed for loved beings who have joined the throng
Of mighty dead ones. . . . Nay, but she was weak —
Knew only prayers and ballads — could not speak
With eloquence save what dumb creatures have,
That with small cries and touches small boons crave.

She watched all day that she might see him pass
With knights and ladies; but she said, "Alas!
Though he should see me, it were all as one
He saw a pigeon sitting on the stone
Of wall or balcony: some coloured spot
His eye just sees, his mind regardeth not.
I have no music-touch that could bring nigh
My love to his soul's hearing. I shall die,
And he will never know who Lisa was—
The trader's child, whose soaring spirit rose
As hedge-born aloe-flowers that rarest years disclose.

"For were I now a fair deep-breasted queen A-horseback, with blond hair, and tunic green Gold-bordered, like Costanza, I should need No change within to make me queenly there; For they the royal-hearted women are

Who nobly love the noblest, yet have grace
For needy suffering lives in lowliest place,
Carrying a choicer sunlight in their smile,
The heavenliest ray that pitieth the vile.
My love is such, it cannot choose but soar
Up to the highest; yet for evermore,
Though I were happy, throned beside the King,
I should be tender to each little thing
With hurt warm breast, that had no speech to tell
Its inward pang, and I would soothe it well
With tender touch and with a low soft moan
For company: my dumb love-pang is lone,
Prisoned as topaz-beam within a rough-garbed stone."

So, inward-wailing, Lisa passed her days.

Each night the August moon with changing phase
Looked broader, harder on her unchanged pain;
Each noon the heat lay heavier again
On her despair; until her body frail
Shrank like the snow that watchers in the vale
See narrowed on the height each summer morn;
While her dark glance burnt larger, more forlorn,
As if the soul within her all on fire

Made of her being one swift funeral pyre. Father and mother saw with sad dismay The meaning of their riches melt away: For without Lisa what would sequins buy? What wish were left if Lisa were to die? Through her they cared for summers still to come. Else they would be as ghosts without a home In any flesh that could feel glad desire. They pay the best physicians, never tire Of seeking what will soothe her, promising That aught she longed for, though it were a thing Hard to be come at as the Indian snow. Or roses that on alpine summits blow -It should be hers. She answers with low voice. She longs for death alone — death is her choice; Death is the King who never did think scorn, But rescues every meanest soul to sorrow born.

Yet one day, as they bent above her bed
And watched her in brief sleep, her drooping head
Turned gently, as the thirsty flowers that feel
Some moist revival through their petals steal,
And little flutterings of her lids and lips

Told of such dreamy joy as sometimes dips
A skyey shadow in the mind's poor pool.
She oped her eyes, and turned their dark gems full
Upon her father, as in utterance dumb
Of some new prayer that in her sleep had come.
"What is it, Lisa?" "Father, I would see
Minuccio, the great singer; bring him me."
For always, night and day, her unstilled thought,
Wandering all o'er its little world, had sought
How she could reach, by some soft pleading touch,
King Pedro's soul, that she who loved so much
Dying, might have a place within his mind —
A little grave which he would sometimes find
And plant some flower on it — some thought, some
memory kind.

Till in her dream she saw Minuccio
Touching his viola, and chanting low
A strain that, falling on her brokenly,
Seemed blossoms lightly blown from off a tree,
Each burthened with a word that was a scent —
Raona, Lisa, love, death, tournament;
Then in her dream she said, "He sings of me —
Might be my messenger; ah, now I see

The King is listening—" Then she awoke,

And, missing her dear dream, that new-born longing

spoke.

She longed for music: that was natural. Physicians said it was medicinal: The humours might be schooled by true consent Of a fine tenor and fine instrument: In brief, good music, mixed with doctor's stuff, Apollo with Asklepios — enough! Minuccio, entreated, gladly came. (He was a singer of most gentle fame — A noble, kindly spirit, not elate That he was famous, but that song was great — Would sing as finely to this suffering child As at the court where princes on him smiled.) Gently he entered and sat down by her, Asking what sort of strain she would prefer — The voice alone, or voice with viol wed; Then, when she chose the last, he preluded With magic hand, that summoned from the strings Aerial spirits, rare yet vibrant wings That fanned the pulses of his listener,

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And waked each sleeping sense with blissful stir.

Her cheek already showed a slow faint blush,

But soon the voice, in pure full liquid rush,

Made all the passion, that till now she felt,

Seem but cool waters that in warmer melt.

Finished the song, she prayed to be alone

With kind Minuccio; for her faith had grown

To trust him as if missioned like a priest

With some high grace, that when his singing ceased

Still made him wiser, more magnanimous

Than common men who had no genius.

So laying her small hand within his palm,
She told him how that secret glorious harm
Of loftiest loving had befallen her;
That death, her only hope, most bitter were,
If when she died her love must perish too
As songs unsung and thoughts unspoken do,
Which else might live within another breast.
She said, "Minuccio, the grave were rest,
If I were sure, that lying cold and lone,
My love, my best of life, had safely flown
And nestled in the bosom of the King;

See, 't is a small weak bird, with unfledged wing.

But you will carry it for me secretly,

And bear it to the King, then come to me

And tell me it is safe, and I shall go

Content, knowing that he I love my love doth know."

Then she wept silently, but each large tear

Made pleading music to the inward ear

Of good Minuccio. "Lisa, trust in me,"

He said, and kissed her fingers loyally;

"It is sweet law to me to do your will,

And ere the sun his round shall thrice fulfil,

I hope to bring you news of such rare skill

As amulets have, that aches in trusting bosoms still."

He needed not to pause and first devise
How he should tell the King; for in nowise
Were such love-message worthily bested
Save in fine verse by music renderèd.
He sought a poet-friend, a Siennese,
And "Mico, mine," he said, "full oft to please
Thy whim of sadness I have sung thee strains
To make thee weep in verse: now pay my pains,

And write me a canzon divinely sad,
Sinlessly passionate and meekly mad
With young despair, speaking a maiden's heart
Of fifteen summers, who would fain depart
From ripening life's new-urgent mystery—
Love-choice of one too high her love to be—
But cannot yield her breath till she has poured
Her strength away in this hot-bleeding word
Telling the secret of her soul to her soul's lord."

Said Mico, "Nay, that thought is poesy,

I need but listen as it sings to me.

Come thou again to-morrow." The third day,

When linkèd notes had perfected the lay,

Minuccio had his summons to the court

To make, as he was wont, the moments short

Of ceremonious dinner to the King.

This was the time when he had meant to bring

Melodious message of young Lisa's love:

He waited till the air had ceased to move

To ringing silver, till Falernian wine

Made quickened sense with quietude combine,

And then with passionate descant made each ear incline.

Love, thou didst see me, light as morning's breath,
Roaming a garden in a joyous error,
Laughing at chases vain, a happy child,
Till of thy countenance the alluring terror
In majesty from out the blossoms smiled,
From out their life seeming a beauteous Death.

O Love, who so didst choose me for thine own,
Taking this little isle to thy great sway,
See now, it is the honour of thy throne
That what thou gavest perish not away,
Nor leave some sweet remembrance to atone
By life that will be for the brief life gone:
Hear, ere the shroud o'er these frail limbs be thrown—
Since every king is vassal unto thee,
My heart's lord needs must listen loyally—
O tell him I am waiting for my Death!

Tell him, for that he hath such royal power,
'I were hard for him to think how small a thing,
How slight a sign, would make a wealthy dower
For one like me, the bride of that pale king
Whose bed is mine at some swift-nearing hour.
Go to my lord, and to his memory bring

That happy birthday of my sorrowing
When his large glance made meaner gazers glad,
Entering the bannered lists: 't was then I had
The wound that laid me in the arms of Death.

Tell him, O Love, I am a lowly maid,
No more than any little knot of thyme
That he with careless foot may often tread;
Yet lowest fragrance of t will mount sublime
And cleave to things most high and hallowed,
As doth the fragrance of my life's springtime,
My lowly love, that soaring seeks to climb
Within his thought, and make a gentle bliss,
More blissful than if mine, in being his:
So shall I live in him and rest in Death.

The strain was new. It seemed a pleading cry,
And yet a rounded perfect melody,
Making grief beauteous as the tear-filled eyes
Of little child at little miseries.
Trembling at first, then swelling as it rose,
Like rising light that broad and broader grows,
It filled the hall, and so possessed the air
That not one breathing soul was present there,

Though dullest, slowest, but was quivering In music's grasp, and forced to hear her sing. But most such sweet compulsion took the mood Of Pedro (tired of doing what he would). Whether the words which that strange meaning bore Were but the poet's feigning or aught more, Was bounden question, since their aim must be At some imagined or true royalty. He called Minuccio and bade him tell What poet of the day had writ so well; For though they came behind all former rhymes, The verses were not bad for these poor times. "Monsignor, they are only three days old," Minuccio said: "but it must not be told How this song grew, save to your royal ear." Eager, the King withdrew where none was near, And gave close audience to Minuccio, Who meetly told that love-tale meet to know. The King had features pliant to confess The presence of a manly tenderness— Son, father, brother, lover, blent in one, In fine harmonic exaltation — The spirit of religious chivalry.

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He listened, and Minuccio could see
The tender, generous admiration spread
O'er all his face, and glorify his head
With royalty that would have kept its rank
Though his brocaded robes to tatters shrank.
He answered without pause, "So sweet a maid,
In nature's own insignia arrayed,
Though she were come of unmixed trading blood
That sold and bartered ever since the Flood,
Would have the self-contained and single worth
Of radiant jewels born in darksome earth.
Raona were a shame to Sicily,
Letting such love and tears unhonoured be:
Hasten, Minuccio, tell her that the King
To-day will surely visit her when vespers ring."

Joyful, Minuccio bore the joyous word,
And told at full, while none but Lisa heard,
How each thing had befallen, sang the song,
And like a patient nurse who would prolong
All means of soothing, dwelt upon each tone,
Each look, with which the mighty Aragon
Marked the high worth his royal heart assigned

To that dear place he held in Lisa's mind.

She listened till the draughts of pure content

Through all her limbs like some new being went —

Life, not recovered, but untried before,

From out the growing world's unmeasured store

Of fuller, better, more divinely mixed.

'T was glad reverse: she had so firmly fixed

To die, already seemed to fall a veil

Shrouding the inner glow from light of senses pale.

Her parents wondering see her half arise —
Wondering, rejoicing, see her long dark eyes
Brimful with clearness, not of 'scaping tears,
But of some light ethereal that enspheres
Their orbs with calm, some vision newly learnt
Where strangest fires erewhile had blindly burnt.
She asked to have her soft white robe and band
And coral ornaments, and with her hand
She gave her locks' dark length a backward fall,
Then looked intently in a mirror small,
And feared her face might perhaps displease the King;
"In truth," she said, "I am a tiny thing;
I was too bold to tell what could such visit bring."

Meanwhile the King, revolving in his thought That virgin passion, was more deeply wrought To chivalrous pity; and at vesper bell, With careless mien which hid his purpose well, Went forth on horseback, and as if by chance Passing Bernardo's house, he paused to glance At the fine garden of this wealthy man; This Tuscan trader turned Palermitan: But, presently dismounting, chose to walk Amid the trellises, in gracious talk With this same trader, deigning even to ask If he had yet fulfilled the father's task Of marrying that daughter whose young charms Himself, betwixt the passages of arms, Noted admiringly. "Monsignor, no, She is not married; that were little woe. Since she has counted barely fifteen years; But all such hopes of late have turned to fears; She droops and fades; though for a space quite brief — Scarce three hours past — she finds some strange relief." The King avised: "'T were dole to all of us, The world should lose a maid so beauteous; Let me now see her; since I am her liege lord,

Her spirits must wage war with Death at my strong word."

In such half-serious playfulness, he wends, With Lisa's father and two chosen friends, Up to the chamber where she pillowed sits Watching the open door, that now admits A presence as much better than her dreams, As happiness than any longing seems. The King advanced, and, with a reverent kiss Upon her hand, said, "Lady, what is this? You, whose sweet youth should others' solace be, Pierce all our hearts, languishing piteously. We pray you, for the love of us, be cheered, Nor be too reckless of that life, endeared To us who know your passing worthiness, And count your blooming life as part of our life's bliss." Those words, that touch upon her hand from him Whom her soul worshipped, as far seraphim Worship the distant glory, brought some shame Quivering upon her cheek, yet thrilled her frame With such deep joy she seemed in paradise, In wondering gladness, and in dumb surprise That bliss could be so blissful: then she spoke —

"Signor, I was too weak to bear the yoke,
The golden yoke of thoughts too great for me;
That was the ground of my infirmity.
But now, I pray your grace to have belief
That I shall soon be well, nor any more cause grief."

The King alone perceived the covert sense
Of all her words, which made one evidence
With her pure voice and candid loveliness,
That he had lost much honour, honouring less
That message of her passionate distress.
He stayed beside her for a little while
With gentle looks and speech, until a smile
As placid as a ray of early morn
On opening flower-cups o'er her lips was borne.
When he had left her, and the tidings spread
Through all the town how he had visited
The Tuscan trader's daughter, who was sick,
Men said it was a royal deed and catholic.

And Lisa? she no longer wished for death; But as a poet, who sweet verses saith Within his soul, and joys in music there, Nor seeks another heaven, nor can bear

Disturbing pleasures, so was she content,
Breathing the life of grateful sentiment.
She thought no maid betrothed could be more blest;
For treasure must be valued by the test
Of highest excellence and rarity,
And her dear joy was best as best could be;
There seemed no other crown to her delight
Now the high loved one saw her love aright.
Thus her soul thriving on that exquisite mood,
Spread like the May-time all its beauteous good
O'er the soft bloom of neck, and arms, and cheek,
And strengthened the sweet body, once so weak,
Until she rose and walked, and, like a bird
With sweetly rippling throat, she made her spring joys
heard.

The King, when he the happy change had seen,
Trusted the ear of Constance, his fair Queen,
With Lisa's innocent secret, and conferred
How they should jointly, by their deed and word,
Honour this maiden's love, which, like the prayer
Of loyal hermits, never thought to share
In what it gave. The Queen had that chief grace

Of womanhood, a heart that can embrace All goodness in another woman's form: And that same day, ere the sun lay too warm On southern terraces, a messenger Informed Bernardo that the royal pair Would straightway visit him and celebrate Their gladness at his daughter's happier state. Which they were fain to see. Soon came the King On horseback, with his barons, heralding The advent of the Queen in courtly state; And all, descending at the garden-gate, Streamed with their feathers, velvet, and brocade, Through the pleached alleys, till they, pausing, made A lake of splendour 'mid the aloes grey -When, meekly facing all their proud array, The white-robed Lisa with her parents stood, As some white dove before the gorgeous brood Of dapple-breasted birds born by the Colchian flood.

The King and Queen, by gracious looks and speech, Encourage her, and thus their courtiers teach How this fair morning they may courtliest be By making Lisa pass it happily.

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And soon the ladies and the barons all Draw her by turns, as at a festival Made for her sake, to easy, gay discourse, And compliment with looks and smiles enforce; A joyous hum is heard the gardens round; Soon there is Spanish dancing and the sound Of minstrel's song, and autumn fruits are pluckt; Till mindfully the King and Queen conduct Lisa apart to where a trellised shade Made pleasant resting. Then King Pedro said — "Excellent maiden, that rich gift of love Your heart hath made us, hath a worth above All royal treasures, nor is fitly met Save when the grateful memory of deep debt Lies still behind the outward honours done: And as a sign that no oblivion Shall overflood that faithful memory, We while we live your cavalier will be, Nor will we ever arm ourselves for fight, Whether for struggle dire or brief delight Of warlike feigning, but we first will take The colours you ordain, and for your sake Charge the more bravely where your emblem is;

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Nor will we ever claim an added bliss

To our sweet thoughts of you save one sole kiss.

But there still rests the outward honour meet

To mark your worthiness, and we entreat

That you will turn your ear to proffered vows

Of one who loves you, and would be your spouse.

We must not wrong yourself and Sicily

By letting all your blooming years pass by

Unmated: you will give the world its due

From beauteous maiden and become a matron true."

Then Lisa, wrapt in virgin wonderment
At her ambitious love's complete content,
Which left no further good for her to seek
Than love's obedience, said with accent meek—
"Monsignor, I know well that were it known
To all the world how high my love had flown,
There would be few who would not deem me mad,
Or say my mind the falsest image had
Of my condition and your lofty place.
But Heaven has seen that for no moment's space
Have I forgotten you to be the King,
Or me myself to be a lowly thing—

A little lark, enamoured of the sky,

That soared to sing, to break its breast, and die.

But, as you better know than I, the heart

In choosing chooseth not its own desert,

But that great merit which attracteth it;

'T is law, I struggled, but I must submit,

And having seen a worth all worth above,

I loved you, love you, and shall always love.

But that doth mean, my will is ever yours,

Not only when your will my good insures,

But if it wrought me what the world calls harm —

Fire, wounds, would wear from your dear will a charm.

That you will be my knight is full content,

And for that kiss—I pray, first for the Queen's consent."

Her answer, given with such firm gentleness,
Pleased the Queen well, and made her hold no less
Of Lisa's merit than the King had held.
And so, all cloudy threats of grief dispelled,
There was betrothal made that very morn
'Twixt Perdicone, youthful, brave, well-born,
And Lisa, whom he loved; she loving well

The lot that from obedience befell.

The Queen a rare betrothal ring on each
Bestowed, and other gems, with gracious speech.

And that no joy might lack, the King, who knew
The youth was poor, gave him rich Ceffalù
And Cataletta, large and fruitful lands—

Adding much promise when he joined their hands.

At last he said to Lisa, with an air
Gallant yet noble: "Now we claim our share
From your sweet love, a share which is not small:
For in the sacrament one crumb is all."
Then taking her small face his hands between,
He kissed her on the brow with kiss serene,
Fit seal to that pure vision her young soul had seen.

Sicilians witnessed that King Pedro kept
His royal promise: Perdicone stept
To many honours honourably won,
Living with Lisa in true union.
Throughout his life the King still took delight
To call himself fair Lisa's faithful knight;
And never wore in field or tournament
A scarf or emblem save by Lisa sent.

Such deeds made subjects loyal in that land:
They joyed that one so worthy to command,
So chivalrous and gentle, had become
The King of Sicily, and filled the room
Of Frenchmen, who abused the Church's trust,
Till, in a righteous vengeance on their lust,
Messina rose, with God, and with the dagger's thrust.

L'ENVOI

Reader, this story pleased me long ago
In the bright pages of Boccaccio,
And where the author of a good we know,
Let us not fail to pay the grateful thanks we owe.

1869.



T HAVE a friend, a vegetarian seer, By name Elias Baptist Butterworth, A harmless, bland, disinterested man, Whose ancestors in Cromwell's day believed The Second Advent certain in five years, But when King Charles the Second came instead, Revised their date and sought another world: I mean — not heaven but — America. A fervid stock, whose generous hope embraced The fortunes of mankind, not stopping short At rise of leather, or the fall of gold, Nor listening to the voices of the time As housewives listen to a cackling hen, With wonder whether she has laid her egg On their own nest-egg. Still they did insist Somewhat too wearisomely on the joys Of their Millennium, when coats and hats Would all be of one pattern, books and songs All fit for Sundays, and the casual talk As good as sermons preached extempore

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And in Elias the ancestral zeal Breathes strong as ever, only modified By transatlantic air and modern thought. You could not pass him in the street and fail To note his shoulders' long declivity, Beard to the waist, swan-neck, and large pale eyes; Or, when he lifts his hat, to mark his hair Brushed back to show his great capacity — A full grain's length at the angle of the brow Proving him witty, while the shallower men Only seem witty in their repartees. Not that he's vain, but that his doctrine needs The testimony of his frontal lobe. On all points he adopts the latest views; Takes for the key of universal Mind The "levitation" of stout gentlemen; Believes the Rappings are not spirits' work, But the Thought-atmosphere's, a steam of brains In correlated force of raps, as proved By motion, heat, and science generally; The spectrum, for example, which has shown The selfsame metals in the sun as here: So the Thought-atmosphere is everywhere:

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High truths that glimmered under other names To ancient sages, whence good scholarship Applied to Eleusinian mysteries — The Vedas — Tripitaka — Vendidad — Might furnish weaker proof for weaker minds That Thought was rapping in the hoary past, And might have edified the Greeks by raps At the greater Dionysia, if their ears Had not been filled with Sophoclean verse. And when all Earth is vegetarian — When, lacking butchers, quadrupeds die out, And less Thought-atmosphere is reabsorbed By nerves of insects parasitical, Those higher truths, seized now by higher minds But not expressed (the insects hindering) Will either flash out into eloquence, Or better still, be comprehensible By rappings simply, without need of roots.

'T is on this theme — the vegetarian world —
That good Elias willingly expands:
He loves to tell in mildly nasal tones
And vowels stretched to suit the widest views,

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The future fortunes of our infant Earth — When it will be too full of human kind To have the room for wilder animals. Saith he, Sahara will be populous With families of gentlemen retired From commerce in more Central Africa. Who order coolness as we order coal. And have a lobe anterior strong enough To think away the sand-storms. Science thus Will leave no spot on this terraqueous globe Unfit to be inhabited by man, The chief of animals: all meaner brutes Will have been smoked and elbowed out of life. No lions then shall lap Caffrarian pools, Or shake the Atlas with their midnight roar: Even the slow, slime-loving crocodile, The last of animals to take a hint. Will then retire for ever from a scene Where public feeling strongly sets against him. Fishes may lead carnivorous lives obscure. But must not dream of culinary rank Or being dished in good society. Imagination in that distant age,

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Aiming at fiction called historical,
Will vainly try to reconstruct the times
When it was men's preposterous delight
To sit astride live horses, which consumed
Materials for incalculable cakes;
When there were milkmaids who drew milk from
cows

With udders kept abnormal for that end Since the rude mythopæic period Of Aryan dairymen, who did not blush To call their milkmaid and their daughter one -Helplessly gazing at the Milky Way, Nor dreaming of the astral cocoanuts Quite at the service of posterity. 'T is to be feared, though, that the duller boys, Much given to anachronisms and nuts (Elias has confessed boys will be boys), May write a jockey for a centaur, think Europa's suitor was an Irish bull, Æsop a journalist who wrote up Fox, And Bruin a chief swindler upon 'Change. Boys will be boys, but dogs will all be moral, With longer alimentary canals

Suited to diet vegetarian. The uglier breeds will fade from memory, Or, being palæontological, Live but as portraits in large learned books, Distasteful to the feelings of an age Nourished on purest beauty. Earth will hold No stupid brutes, no cheerful queernesses, No naïve cunning, grave absurdity. Wart-pigs with tender and parental grunts, Wombats much flattened as to their contour. Perhaps from too much crushing in the ark, But taking meekly that fatality; The serious cranes, unstung by ridicule; Long-headed, short-legged, solemn-looking curs (Wise, silent critics of a flippant age); The silly straddling foals, the weak-brained geese Hissing fallaciously at sound of wheels — All these rude products will have disappeared Along with every faulty human type. By dint of diet vegetarian All will be harmony of hue and line, Bodies and minds all perfect, limbs well-turned, And talk quite free from aught erroneous.

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Thus far Elias in his seer's mantle:
But at this climax in his prophecy
My sinking spirits, fearing to be swamped,
Urge me to speak. "High prospects these, my
friend,

Setting the weak carnivorous brain astretch;
We will resume the thread another day."
"To-morrow," cries Elias, "at this hour?"
"No, not to-morrow — I shall have a cold —
At least I feel some soreness — this endemic —
Good-bye."

No tears are sadder than the smile With which I quit Elias. Bitterly
I feel that every change upon this earth
Is bought with sacrifice. My yearnings fail
To reach that high apocalyptic mount
Which shows in bird's-eye view a perfect world,
Or enter warmly into other joys
Than those of faulty, struggling human kind.
That strain upon my soul's too feeble wing
Ends in ignoble floundering: I fall
Into short-sighted pity for the men
Who living in those perfect future times

Will not know half the dear imperfect things That move my smiles and tears - will never know The fine old incongruities that raise My friendly laugh; the innocent conceits That like a needless eyeglass or black patch Give those who wear them harmless happiness; The twists and cracks in our poor earthenware, That touch me to more conscious fellowship (I am not myself the finest Parian) With my coevals. So poor Colin Clout, To whom raw onion gives prospective zest, Consoling hours of dampest wintry work, Could hardly fancy any regal joys Quite unimpregnate with the onion's scent: Perhaps his highest hopes are not all clear Of waftings from that energetic bulb: 'T is well that onion is not heresy. Speaking in parable, I am Colin Clout. A clinging flavour penetrates my life — My onion is imperfectness: I cleave To nature's blunders, evanescent types Which sages banish from Utopia. "Not worship beauty?" say you. Patience, friend!

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I worship in the temple with the rest;

But by my hearth I keep a sacred nook

For gnomes and dwarfs, duck-footed waddling

elves

Who stitched and hammered for the weary men In days of old. And in that piety I clothe ungainly forms inherited From toiling generations, daily bent At desk, or plough, or loom, or in the mine, In pioneering labours for the world. Nay, I am apt when floundering confused From too rash flight, to grasp at paradox, And pity future men who will not know A keen experience with pity blent, The pathos exquisite of lovely minds Hid in harsh forms — not penetrating them Like fire divine within a common bush Which glows transfigured by the heavenly guest, So that men put their shoes off; but encaged Like a sweet child within some thick-walled cell, Who leaps and fails to hold the window-bars, But having shown a little dimpled hand Is visited thenceforth by tender hearts

Whose eyes keep watch about the prison walls. A foolish, nay, a wicked paradox! For purest pity is the eye of love Melting at sight of sorrow; and to grieve Because it sees no sorrow, shows a love Warped from its truer nature, turned to love Of merest habit, like the miser's greed. But I am Colin still: my prejudice Is for the flavour of my daily food. Not that I doubt the world is growing still As once it grew from Chaos and from Night; Or have a soul too shrunken for the hope Which dawned in human breasts, a double morn, With earliest watchings of the rising light Chasing the darkness; and through many an age Has raised the vision of a future time That stands an Angel with a face all mild Spearing the demon. I too rest in faith That man's perfection is the crowning flower, Toward which the urgent sap in life's great tree Is pressing, — seen in puny blossoms now, But in the world's great morrows to expand With broadest petal and with deepest glow.

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Yet, see the patched and plodding citizen Waiting upon the pavement with the throng While some victorious world-hero makes Triumphal entry, and the peal of shouts And flash of faces 'neath uplifted hats Run like a storm of joy along the streets! He says, "God bless him!" almost with a sob, As the great hero passes; he is glad The world holds mighty men and mighty deeds; The music stirs his pulses like strong wine, The moving splendour touches him with awe — 'T is glory shed around the common weal, And he will pay his tribute willingly, Though with the pennies earned by sordid toil. Perhaps the hero's deeds have helped to bring A time when every honest citizen Shall wear a coat unpatched. And yet he feels More easy fellowship with neighbours there Who look on too; and he will soon relapse From noticing the banners and the steeds To think with pleasure there is just one bun Left in his pocket, that may serve to tempt The wide-eved lad, whose weight is all too much

For that young mother's arms: and then he falls To dreamy picturing of sunny days When he himself was a small big-cheeked lad In some far village where no heroes came, And stood a listener 'twixt his father's legs In the warm firelight, while the old folk talked And shook their heads and looked upon the floor; And he was puzzled, thinking life was fine — The bread and cheese so nice all through the year And Christmas sure to come. Oh that good time! He, could he choose, would have those days again And see the dear old-fashioned things once more. But soon the wheels and drums have all passed by And tramping feet are heard like sudden rain: The quiet startles our good citizen; He feels the child upon his arms, and knows He is with the people making holiday Because of hopes for better days to come. But Hope to him was like the brilliant west Telling of sunrise in a world unknown, And from that dazzling curtain of bright hues He turned to the familiar face of fields Lying all clear in the calm morning land.

Maybe 't is wiser not to fix a lens Too scrutinizing on the glorious times When Barbarossa shall arise and shake His mountain, good King Arthur come again. And all the heroes of such giant soul That, living once to cheer mankind with hope, They had to sleep until the time was ripe For greater deeds to match their greater thought. Yet no! the earth yields nothing more Divine Than high prophetic vision — than the Seer Who fasting from man's meaner joy beholds The paths of beauteous order, and constructs A fairer type, to shame our low content. But prophecy is like potential sound Which turned to music seems a voice sublime From out the soul of light; but turns to noise In scrannel pipes, and makes all ears averse.

The faith that life on earth is being shaped
To glorious ends, that order, justice, love
Mean man's completeness, mean effect as sure
As roundness in the dew-drop — that great faith
Is but the rushing and expanding stream

Of thought, of feeling, fed by all the past. Our finest hope is finest memory, As they who love in age think youth is blest Because it has a life to fill with love. Full souls are double mirrors, making still An endless vista of fair things before Repeating things behind: so faith is strong Only when we are strong, shrinks when we shrink. It comes when music stirs us, and the chords. Moving on some grand climax shake our souls With influx new that makes new energies. It comes in swellings of the heart and tears That rise at noble and at gentle deeds — At labours of the master-artist's hand Which, trembling, touches to a finer end, Trembling before an image seen within. It comes in moments of heroic love, Unjealous joy in joy not made for us — In conscious triumph of the good within Making us worship goodness that rebukes. Even our failures are a prophecy, Even our yearnings and our bitter tears After that fair and true we cannot grasp;

As patriots who seem to die in vain Make liberty more sacred by their pangs.

Presentiment of better things on earth
Sweeps in with every force that stirs our souls
To admiration, self-renouncing love,
Or thoughts, like light, that bind the world in one:
Sweeps like the sense of vastness, when at night
We hear the roll and dash of waves that break
Nearer and nearer with the rushing tide,
Which rises to the level of the cliff
Because the wide Atlantic rolls behind
Throbbing respondent to the far-off orbs.
1865.





1

I CANNOT choose but think upon the time
When our two lives grew like two buds that kiss
At lightest thrill from the bee's swinging chime,
Because the one so near the other is.

He was the elder and a little man
Of forty inches, bound to show no dread,
And I the girl that puppy-like now ran,
Now lagged behind my brother's larger tread.

I held him wise, and when he talked to me
Of snakes and birds, and which God loved the best,
I thought his knowledge marked the boundary
Where men grew blind, though angels knew the rest.

If he said "Hush!" I tried to hold my breath. Wherever he said "Come!" I stepped in faith.

П

Long years have left their writing on my brow, But yet the freshness and the dew-fed beam

[179]

Of those young mornings are about me now, When we two wandered toward the far-off stream

With rod and line. Our basket held a store
Baked for us only, and I thought with joy
That I should have my share, though he had more,
Because he was the elder and a boy

The firmaments of daisies since to me
Have had those mornings in their opening eyes,
The bunchèd cowslip's pale transparency
Carries that sunshine of sweet memories,

And wild-rose branches take their finest scent From those blest hours of infantine content.

III

Our mother bade us keep the trodden ways, Stroked down my tippet, set my brother's frill, Then with the benediction of her gaze Clung to us lessening, and pursued us still

Across the homestead to the rookery elms, Whose tall old trunks had each a grassy mound,

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So rich for us, we counted them as realms With varied products: here were earth-nuts found,

And here the Lady-fingers in deep shade; Here sloping toward the Moat the rushes grew, The large to split for pith, the small to braid; While over all the dark rooks cawing flew,

And made a happy strange solemnity,

A deep-toned chant from life unknown to me.

IV

Our meadow-path had memorable spots:
One where it bridged a tiny rivulet,
Deep hid by tangled blue Forget-me-nots;
And all along the waving grasses met

My little palm, or nodded to my cheek,
When flowers with upturned faces gazing drew
My wonder downward, seeming all to speak
With eyes of souls that dumbly heard and knew.

Then came the copse, where wild things rushed unseen, And black-scathed grass betrayed the past abode

[181]

Of mystic gypsies, who still lurked between Me and each hidden distance of the road.

A gypsy once had startled me at play, Blotting with her dark smile my sunny day.

v

Thus rambling we were schooled in deepest lore, And learned the meanings that give words a soul, The fear, the love, the primal passionate store, Whose shaping impulses make manhood whole.

Those hours were seed to all my after good;
My infant gladness, through eye, ear, and touch,
Took easily as warmth a various food
To nourish the sweet skill of loving much.

For who in age shall roam the earth and find Reasons for loving that will strike out love With sudden rod from the hard year-pressed mind? Were reasons sown as thick as stars above,

'T is love must see them, as the eye sees light: Day is but Number to the darkened sight.

[182]

VI

Our brown canal was endless to my thought;
And on its banks I sat in dreamy peace,
Unknowing how the good I loved was wrought,
Untroubled by the fear that it would cease.

Slowly the barges floated into view
Rounding a grassy hill to me sublime
With some Unknown beyond it, whither flew
The parting cuckoo toward a fresh spring-time.

The wide-arched bridge, the scented elder-flowers, The wondrous watery rings that died too soon, The echoes of the quarry, the still hours With white robe sweeping-on the shadeless noon,

Were but my growing self, are part of me, My present Past, my root of piety.

VII

Those long days measured by my little feet
Had chronicles which yield me many a text;
Where irony still finds an image meet
Of full-grown judgements in this world perplext.

[183]

One day my brother left me in high charge,
To mind the rod, while he went seeking bait,
And bade me, when I saw a nearing barge,
Snatch out the line, lest he should come too late.

Proud of the task, I watched with all my might

For one whole minute, till my eyes grew wide,

Till sky and earth took on a strange new light

And seemed a dream-world floating on some tide—

A fair pavilioned boat for me alone Bearing me onward through the vast unknown.

VIII

But sudden came the barge's pitch-black prow, Nearer and angrier came my brother's cry, And all my soul was quivering fear, when lo! Upon the imperilled line, suspended high,

A silver perch! My guilt that won the prey, Now turned to merit, had a guerdon rich Of hugs and praises, and made merry play, Until my triumph reached its highest pitch

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When all at home were told the wondrous feat,
And how the little sister had fished well.

In secret, though my fortune tasted sweet,
I wondered why this happiness befell.

"The little lass had luck," the gardener said: And so I learned, luck was with glory wed.

IX

We had the selfsame world enlarged for each
By loving difference of girl and boy:
The fruit that hung on high beyond my reach
He plucked for me, and oft he must employ

A measuring glance to guide my tiny shoe
Where lay firm stepping-stones, or call to mind
"This thing I like my sister may not do,
For she is little, and I must be kind."

Thus boyish Will the nobler mastery learned Where inward vision over impulse reigns, Widening its life with separate life discerned, A Like unlike, a Self that self restrains.

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His years with others must the sweeter be For those brief days he spent in loving me.

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His sorrow was my sorrow, and his joy
Sent little leaps and laughs through all my frame;
My doll seemed lifeless and no girlish toy
Had any reason when my brother came.

I knelt with him at marbles, marked his fling Cut the ringed stem and make the apple drop, Or watched him winding close the spiral string That looped the orbits of the humming top.

Grasped by such fellowship my vagrant thought Ceased with dream-fruit dream-wishes to fulfil; My aëry-picturing fantasy was taught Subjection to the harder, truer skill

That seeks with deeds to grave a thought-tracked line, And by "What is," "What will be" to define.

XI

School parted us; we never found again

That childish world where our two spirits mingled

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Like scents from varying roses that remain One sweetness, nor can evermore be singled.

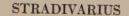
Yet the twin habit of that early time
Lingered for long about the heart and tongue:
We had been natives of one happy clime,
And its dear accent to our utterance clung.

Till the dire years whose awful name is Change Had grasped our souls still yearning in divorce, And pitiless shaped them in two forms that range Two elements which sever their life's course.

But were another childhood-world my share, I would be born a little sister there.

1869.







TOUR soul was lifted by the wings to-day Hearing the master of the violin: You praised him, praised the great Sebastian too Who made that fine Chaconne; but did you think Of old Antonio Stradivari? - him Who a good century and half ago Put his true work in that brown instrument And by the nice adjustment of its frame Gave it responsive life, continuous With the master's finger-tips and perfected Like them by delicate rectitude of use. Not Bach alone, helped by fine precedent Of genius gone before, nor Joachim Who holds the strain afresh incorporate By inward hearing and notation strict Of nerve and muscle, made our joy to-day: Another soul was living in the air And swaying it to true deliverance Of high invention and responsive skill: -

That plain white-aproned man who stood at work
Patient and accurate full fourscore years,
Cherished his sight and touch by temperance,
And since keen sense is love of perfectness
Made perfect violins, the needed paths
For inspiration and high mastery.

No simpler man than he: he never cried, "Why was I born to this monotonous task Of making violins?" or flung them down To suit with hurling act a well-hurled curse At labour on such perishable stuff. Hence neighbours in Cremona held him dull, Called him a slave, a mill-horse, a machine, Begged him to tell his motives or to lend A few gold pieces to a loftier mind. Yet he had pithy words full fed by fact; For Fact, well-trusted, reasons and persuades. Is gnomic, cutting, or ironical, Draws tears, or is a tocsin to arouse — Can hold all figures of the orator In one plain sentence; has her pauses too — Eloquent silence at the chasm abrupt

Where knowledge ceases. Thus Antonio Made answers as Fact willed, and made them strong.

Naldo, a painter of eclectic school, Taking his dicers, candlelight and grins From Caravaggio, and in holier groups Combining Flemish flesh with martyrdom — Knowing all tricks of style at thirty-one, And weary of them, while Antonio At sixty-nine wrought placidly his best Making the violin you heard to-day -Naldo would tease him oft to tell his aims. "Perhaps thou hast some pleasant vice to feed — The love of louis d'ors in heaps of four, Each violin a heap — I've nought to blame; My vices waste such heaps. But then, why work With painful nicety? Since fame once earned By luck or merit — oftenest by luck — (Else why do I put Bonifazio's name To work that 'pinxit Naldo' would not sell?) Is welcome index to the wealthy mob Where they should pay their gold, and where they pay There they find merit — take your tow for flax,

And hold the flax unlabelled with your name, Too coarse for sufferance."

Antonio then:

"I like the gold — well, yes — but not for meals. And as my stomach, so my eye and hand, And inward sense that works along with both, Have hunger that can never feed on coin. Who draws a line and satisfies his soul. Making it crooked where it should be straight? An idiot with an oyster-shell may draw His lines along the sand, all wavering, Fixing no point or pathway to a point; An idiot one remove may choose his line, Straggle and be content; but God be praised, Antonio Stradivari has an eve That winces at false work and loves the true, With hand and arm that play upon the tool As willingly as any singing bird Sets him to sing his morning roundelay, Because he likes to sing and likes the song."

Then Naldo: "'T is a petty kind of fame At best, that comes of making violins;

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And saves no masses, either. Thou wilt go To purgatory none the less."

But he:

"'T were purgatory here to make them ill;
And for my fame — when any master holds
'Twixt chin and hand a violin of mine,
He will be glad that Stradivari lived,
Made violins, and made them of the best.
The masters only know whose work is good:
They will choose mine, and while God gives them skill
I give them instruments to play upon,
God choosing me to help Him."

"What! were God

At fault for violins, thou absent?"

"Yes;

He were at fault for Stradivari's work."

"Why, many hold Giuseppe's violins As good as thine."

"May be: they are different.

His quality declines: he spoils his hand
With over-drinking. But were his the best,
He could not work for two. My work is mine,

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And, heresy or not, if my hand slacked
I should rob God — since He is fullest good —
Leaving a blank instead of violins.
I say, not God Himself can make man's best
Without best men to help Him. I am one best
Here in Cremona, using sunlight well
To fashion finest maple till it serves
More cunningly than throats, for harmony.
'T is rare delight: I would not change my skill
To be the Emperor with bungling hands,
And lose my work, which comes as natural
As self at waking."

"Thou art little more

Than a deft potter's wheel, Antonio;
Turning out work by mere necessity
And lack of varied function. Higher arts
Subsist on freedom — eccentricity —
Uncounted inspirations — influence
That comes with drinking, gambling, talk turned wild,
Then moody misery and lack of food —
With every dithyrambic fine excess:
These make at last a storm which flashes out
In lightning revelations. Steady work

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Turns genius to a loom; the soul must lie
Like grapes beneath the sun till ripeness comes
And mellow vintage. I could paint you now
The finest Crucifixion; yesternight
Returning home I saw it on a sky
Blue-black, thick-starred. I want two louis d'ors
To buy the canvas and the costly blues —
Trust me a fortnight."

"Where are those last two
I lent thee for thy Judith? — her thou saw'st
In saffron gown, with Holofernes' head
And beauty all complete?"

"She is but sketched:

I lack the proper model — and the mood.

A great idea is an eagle's egg,

Craves time for hatching; while the eagle sits

Feed her."

"If thou wilt call thy pictures eggs
I call the hatching, Work. 'T is God gives skill,
But not without men's hands: He could not make
Antonio Stradivari's violins
Without Antonio. Get thee to thy easel."





YOUNG Hamlet, not the hesitating Dane, But one named after him, who lately strove For honours at our English Wittenberg, — Blond, metaphysical, and sensuous, Questioning all things and yet half-convinced Credulity were better; held inert 'Twixt fascinations of all opposites, And half-suspecting that the mightiest soul (Perhaps his own?) was union of extremes, Having no choice but choice of everything: As, drinking deep to-day for love of wine, To-morrow half a Brahmin, scorning life As mere illusion, yearning for that True Which has no qualities; another day Finding the fount of grace in sacraments, And purest reflex of the light divine In gem-bossed pyx and broidered chasuble, Resolved to wear no stockings and to fast With arms extended, waiting ecstasy;

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But getting cramps instead, and needing change, A would-be pagan next:—

Young Hamlet sat

A guest with five of somewhat riper age
At breakfast with Horatio, a friend
With few opinions, but of faithful heart,
Quick to detect the fibrous spreading roots
Of character that feed men's theories,
Yet cloaking weaknesses with charity
And ready in all service save rebuke.

With ebb of breakfast and the cider-cup
Came high debate: the others seated there
Were Osric, spinner of fine sentences,
A delicate insect creeping over life
Feeding on molecules of floral breath,
And weaving gossamer to trap the sun;
Laertes ardent, rash, and radical;
Discursive Rosencranz, grave Guildenstern,
And he for whom the social meal was made —
The polished priest, a tolerant listener,
Disposed to give a hearing to the lost,
And breakfast with them ere they went below.

From alpine metaphysic glaciers first

The talk sprang copious; the themes were old,

But so is human breath, so infant eyes,

The daily nurslings of creative light.

Small words held mighty meanings: Matter, Force,

Self, Not-self, Being, Seeming, Space and Time —

Plebeian toilers on the dusty road

Of daily traffic, turned to Genii

And cloudy giants darkening sun and moon.

Creation was reversed in human talk:

None said, "Let Darkness be," but Darkness was;

And in it weltered with Teutonic ease,

An argumentative Leviathan,

Blowing cascades from out his element,

The thunderous Rosencranz, till

"Truce, I beg!"

Said Osric, with nice accent. "I abhor
That battling of the ghosts, that strife of terms
For utmost lack of colour, form, and breath,
That tasteless squabbling called Philosophy:
As if a blue-winged butterfly afloat
For just three days above the Italian fields,
Instead of sipping at the heart of flowers,

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Poising in sunshine, fluttering towards its bride, Should fast and speculate, considering
What were if it were not? or what now is,
Instead of that which seems to be itself?
Its deepest wisdom surely were to be
A sipping, marrying, blue-winged butterfly;
Since utmost speculation on itself
Were but a three days' living of worse sort —
A bruising struggle all within the bounds
Of butterfly existence."

"I protest,"

Burst in Laertes, "against arguments
That start with calling me a butterfly,
A bubble, spark, or other metaphor
Which carries your conclusions as a phrase
In quibbling law will carry property.
Put a thin sucker for my human lips
Fed at a mother's breast, who now needs food
That I will earn for her; put bubbles blown
From frothy thinking, for the joy, the love,
The wants, the pity, and the fellowship
(The ocean deeps I might say, were I bent
On bandying metaphors) that make a man—

Why, rhetoric brings within your easy reach Conclusions worthy of — a butterfly. The universe, I hold, is no charade, No acted pun unriddled by a word, Nor pain a decimal diminishing With hocus-pocus of a dot or nought. For those who know it, pain is solely pain: Not any letters of the alphabet Wrought syllogistically pattern-wise, Nor any cluster of fine images, Nor any missing of their figured dance By blundering molecules. Analysis May show you the right physic for the ill, Teaching the molecules to find their dance, But spare me your analogies, that hold Such insight as the figure of a crow And bar of music put to signify A crowbar."

Said the Priest, "There I agree — Would add that sacramental grace is grace Which to be known must first be felt, with all The strengthening influxes that come by prayer. I note this passingly — would not delay

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The conversation's tenor, save to hint That taking stand with Rosencranz one sees Final equivalence of all we name Our Good and Ill — their difference meanwhile Being inborn prejudice that plumps you down An Ego, brings a weight into your scale Forcing a standard. That resistless weight Obstinate, irremoveable by thought, Persisting through disproof, an ache, a need That spaceless stays where sharp analysis Has shown a plenum filled without it — what If this, to use your phrase, were just that Being Not looking solely, grasping from the dark, Weighing the difference you call Ego? This Gives you persistence, regulates the flux With strict relation rooted in the All. Who is he of your late philosophers Takes the true name of Being to be Will? I — nay, the Church objects nought, is content: Reason has reached its utmost negative, Physic and metaphysic meet in the inane And backward shrink to intense prejudice. Making their absolute and homogene

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A loaded relative, a choice to be
Whatever is — supposed: a What is not.
The Church demands no more, has standing room
And basis for her doctrine: this (no more) —
That the strong bias which we name the Soul,
Though fed and clad by dissoluble waves,
Has antecedent quality, and rules
By veto or consent the strife of thought,
Making arbitrament that we call faith."

Here was brief silence, till young Hamlet spoke.

"I crave direction, Father, how to know
The sign of that imperative whose right
To sway my act in face of thronging doubts
Were an oracular gem in price beyond
Urim and Thummim lost to Israel.
That bias of the soul, that conquering die
Loaded with golden emphasis of Will—
How find it where resolve, once made, becomes
The rash exclusion of an opposite
Which draws the stronger as I turn aloof."

"I think I hear a bias in your words,"

The Priest said mildly,—"that strong natural bent

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Which we call hunger. What more positive Than appetite? — of spirit or of flesh, I care not — 'sense of need' were truer phrase. You hunger for authoritative right, And yet discern no difference of tones, No weight of rod that marks imperial rule? Laertes granting, I will put your case In analogic form: the doctors hold Hunger which gives no relish — save caprice That tasting venison fancies mellow pears — A symptom of disorder, and prescribe Strict discipline. Were I physician here I would prescribe that exercise of soul Which lies in full obedience: you ask, Obedience to what? The answer lies Within the word itself; for how obey What has no rule, asserts no absolute claim? Take inclination, taste — why, that is you, No rule above you. Science, reasoning On nature's order — they exist and move Solely by disputation, hold no pledge Of final consequence, but push the swing Where Epicurus and the Stoic sit

In endless see-saw. One authority, And only one, says simply this, Obey: Place yourself in that current (test it so!) Of spiritual order where at least Lies promise of a high communion, A Head informing members, Life that breathes With gift of forces over and above The plus of arithmetic interchange. 'The Church too has a body,' you object, 'Can be dissected, put beneath the lens And shown the merest continuity Of all existence else beneath the sun.' I grant you; but the lens will not disprove A presence which eludes it. Take your wit, Your highest passion, widest-reaching thought: Show their conditions if you will or can; But though you saw the final atom-dance Making each molecule that stands for sign Of love being present, where is still your love? How measure that, how certify its weight? And so I say, the body of the Church Carries a Presence, promises and gifts Never disproved — whose argument is found

In lasting failure of the search elsewhere

For what it holds to satisfy man's need.

But I grow lengthy: my excuse must be

Your question, Hamlet, which has probed right through

To the pith of our belief. And I have robbed

Myself of pleasure as a listener.

'T is noon. I see: and my appointment stands

"T is noon, I see; and my appointment stands For half-past twelve with Voltimand. Good-bye."

Brief parting, brief regret — sincere, but quenched
In fumes of best Hayannah, which consoles
For lack of other certitude. Then said,
Mildly sarcastic, quiet Guildenstern:
"I marvel how the Father gave new charm
To weak conclusions: I was half-convinced
The poorest reasoner made the finest man,
And held his logic lovelier for its limp."

"I fain would hear," said Hamlet, "how you find A stronger footing than the Father gave.

How base your self-resistance save on faith
In some invisible Order, higher Right
Than changing impulse. What does Reason bid?
To take a fullest rationality

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What offers best solution: so the Church. Science, detecting hydrogen aflame Outside our firmament, leaves mystery Whole and untouched beyond; nay, in our blood And in the potent atoms of each germ The Secret lives — envelops, penetrates Whatever sense perceives or thought divines. Science, whose soul is explanation, halts With hostile front at mystery. The Church Takes mystery as her empire, brings its wealth Of possibility to fill the void 'Twixt contradictions — warrants so a faith Defying sense and all its ruthless train Of arrogant 'Therefores.' Science with her lens Dissolves the Forms that made the other half Of all our love, which thenceforth widowed lives To gaze with maniac stare at what is not. The Church explains not, governs — feeds resolve By vision fraught with heart-experience And human yearning."

"Aye," said Guildenstern,
With friendly nod, "the Father, I can see,
Has caught you up in his air-chariot.

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His thought takes rainbow-bridges, out of reach By solid obstacles, evaporates The coarse and common into subtilties, Insists that what is real in the Church Is something out of evidence, and begs (Just in parenthesis) you'll never mind What stares you in the face and bruises you. Why, by his method I could justify Each superstition and each tyranny That ever rode upon the back of man, Pretending fitness for his sole defence Against life's evil. How can aught subsist That holds no theory of gain or good? Despots with terror in their red right hand Must argue good to helpers and themselves, Must let submission hold a core of gain To make their slaves choose life. Their theory, Abstracting inconvenience of racks, Whip-lashes, dragonnades and all things coarse Inherent in the fact or concrete mass. Presents the pure idea — utmost good Secured by Order only to be found In strict subordination, hierarchy

Of forces where, by nature's law, the strong Has rightful empire, rule of weaker proved Mere dissolution. What can you object? The Inquisition — if you turn away From narrow notice how the scent of gold Has guided sense of damning heresy — The Inquisition is sublime, is love Hindering the spread of poison in men's souls: The flames are nothing: only smaller pain To hinder greater, or the pain of one To save the many, such as throbs at heart Of every system born into the world. So of the Church as high communion Of Head with members, fount of spirit force Beyond the calculus, and carrying proof In her sole power to satisfy man's need: That seems ideal truth as clear as lines That, necessary though invisible, trace The balance of the planets and the sun — Until I find a hitch in that last claim. 'To satisfy man's need.' Sir, that depends: We settle first the measure of man's need Before we grant capacity to fill.

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John, James, or Thomas, you may satisfy:
But since you choose ideals I demand
Your Church shall satisfy ideal man,
His utmost reason and his utmost love.
And say these rest a-hungered — find no scheme
Content them both, but hold the world accursed,
A Calvary where Reason mocks at Love,
And Love forsaken sends out orphan cries
Hopeless of answer; still the soul remains
Larger, diviner than your halfway Church,
Which racks your reason into false consent,
And soothes your Love with sops of selfishness."

"There I am with you," cried Laertes. "What
To me are any dictates, though they came
With thunders from the Mount, if still within
I see a higher Right, a higher Good
Compelling love and worship? Though the earth
Held force electric to discern and kill
Each thinking rebel — what is martyrdom
But death-defying utterance of belief,
Which being mine remains my truth supreme
Though solitary as the throb of pain

Lying outside the pulses of the world?

Obedience is good: aye, but to what?

And for what ends? For say that I rebel

Against your rule as devilish, or as rule

Of thunder-guiding powers that deny

Man's highest benefit: rebellion then

Were strict obedience to another rule

Which bids me flout your thunder."

"Lo you now!"

Said Osric, delicately, "how you come,
Laertes mine, with all your warring zeal
As Python-slayer of the present age —
Cleansing all social swamps by darting rays
Of dubious doctrine, hot with energy
Of private judgement and disgust for doubt —
To state my thesis, which you most abhor
When sung in Daphnis-notes beneath the pines
To gentle rush of waters. Your belief —
In essence what is it but simply Taste?
I urge with you exemption from all claims
That come from other than my proper will,
An Ultimate within to balance yours,
A solid meeting you, excluding you,

Till you show fuller force by entering
My spiritual space and crushing Me
To a subordinate complement of You:
Such ultimate must stand alike for all.
Preach your crusade, then: all will join who like
The hurly-burly of aggressive creeds;
Still your unpleasant Ought, your itch to choose
What grates upon the sense, is simply Taste,
Differs, I think, from mine (permit the word,
Discussion forces it) in being bad."

The tone was too polite to breed offence,
Showing a tolerance of what was "bad"
Becoming courtiers. Louder Rosencranz
Took up the ball with rougher movement, wont
To show contempt for doating reasoners
Who hugged some reasons with a preference,
As warm Laertes did: he gave five puffs
Intolerantly sceptical, then said,
"Your human good, which you would make
supreme,

How do you know it? Has it shown its face In adamantine type, with features clear,

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As this republic, or that monarchy? As federal grouping, or municipal? Equality, or finely shaded lines Of social difference? ecstatic whirl And draught intense of passionate joy and pain. Or sober self-control that starves its youth And lives to wonder what the world calls joy? Is it in sympathy that shares men's pangs Or in cool brains that can explain them well? Is it in labour or in laziness? In training for the tug of rivalry To be admired, or in the admiring soul? In risk or certitude? In battling rage And hardy challenges of Protean luck, Or in a sleek and rural apathy Full fed with sameness? Pray define your Good Beyond rejection by majority; Next, how it may subsist without the Ill Which seems its only outline. Show a world Of pleasure not resisted; or a world Of pressure equalized, yet various In action formative; for that will serve As illustration of your human good —

Which at its perfecting (your goal of hope) Will not be straight extinct, or fall to sleep In the deep bosom of the Unchangeable. What will you work for, then, and call it good With full and certain vision — good for aught Save partial ends which happen to be yours? How will you get your stringency to bind Thought or desire in demonstrated tracks Which are but waves within a balanced whole? Is 'relative' the magic word that turns Your flux mercurial of good to gold? Why, that analysis at which you rage As anti-social force that sweeps you down The world in one cascade of molecules. Is brother 'relative' - and grins at you Like any convict whom you thought to send Outside society, till this enlarged And meant New England and Australia too. The Absolute is your shadow, and the space Which you say might be real were you milled To curves pellicular, the thinnest thin, Equation of no thickness, is still you."

"Abstracting all that makes him clubable," Horatio interposed. But Rosencranz, Deaf as the angry turkey-cock whose ears Are plugged by swollen tissues when he scolds At men's pretensions: "Pooh, your 'Relative' Shuts you in, hopeless, with your progeny As in a Hunger-tower; your social good, Like other deities by turn supreme, Is transient reflex of a prejudice, Anthology of causes and effects To suit the mood of fanatics who lead The mood of tribes or nations. I admit If you could show a sword, nay, chance of sword Hanging conspicuous to their inward eyes With edge so constant threatening as to sway All greed and lust by terror; and a law Clear-writ and proven as the law supreme Which that dread sword enforces — then your Right,

Duty, or social Good, were it once brought

To common measure with the potent law,

Would dip the scale, would put unchanging marks

Of wisdom or of folly on each deed,

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And warrant exhortation. Until then, Where is your standard or criterion? 'What always, everywhere, by all men' - why, That were but Custom, and your system needs Ideals never yet incorporate, The imminent doom of Custom. Can you find Appeal beyond the sentience in each man? Frighten the blind with scarecrows? raise an awe Of things unseen where appetite commands Chambers of imagery in the soul At all its avenues? — You chant your hymns To Evolution, on your altar lay A sacred egg called Progress: have you proved A Best unique where all is relative, And where each change is loss as well as gain? The age of healthy Saurians, well supplied With heat and prey, will balance well enough A human age where maladies are strong And pleasures feeble; wealth a monster gorged Mid hungry populations; intellect Aproned in laboratories, bent on proof That this is that and both are good for nought Save feeding error through a weary life;

While Art and Poesy struggle like poor ghosts To hinder cock-crow and the dreadful light, Lurking in darkness and the charnel-house, Or like two stalwart greybeards, imbecile With limbs still active, playing at belief That hunt the slipper, foot-ball, hide-and-seek, Are sweetly merry, donning pinafores And lisping emulously in their speech. O human race! Is this then all thy gain? -Working at disproof, playing at belief, Debate on causes, distaste of effects, Power to transmute all elements, and lack Of any power to sway the fatal skill And make thy lot aught else than rigid doom? The Saurians were better. — Guildenstern, Pass me the taper. Still the human curse Has mitigation in the best cigars."

Then swift Laertes, not without a glare
Of leonine wrath, "I thank thee for that word:
That one confession, were I Socrates,
Should force you onward till you ran your head
At your own image — flatly gave the lie

To all your blasphemy of that human good Which bred and nourished you to sit at ease And learnedly deny it. Say the world Groans ever with the pangs of doubtful births: Say, life's a poor donation at the best — Wisdom a yearning after nothingness — Nature's great vision and the thrill supreme Of thought-fed passion but a weary play — I argue not against you. Who can prove Wit to be witty when with deeper ground Dulness intuitive declares wit dull? If life is worthless to you — why, it is. You only know how little love you feel To give you fellowship, how little force Responsive to the quality of things. Then end your life, throw off the unsought yoke. If not — if you remain to taste cigars, Choose racy diction, perorate at large With tacit scorn of meaner men who win No wreath or tripos — then admit at least A possible Better in the seeds of earth: Acknowledge debt to that laborious life Which, sifting evermore the mingled seeds,

Testing the Possible with patient skill. And daring ill in presence of a good For futures to inherit, made your lot One you would choose rather than end it, nay, Rather than, say, some twenty million lots Of fellow Britons toiling all to make That nation, that community, whereon You feed and thrive and talk philosophy. I am no optimist whose faith must hang On hard pretence that pain is beautiful And agony explained for men at ease By virtue's exercise in pitying it. But this I hold: that he who takes one gift Made for him by the hopeful work of man, Who tastes sweet bread, walks where he will unarmed, His shield and warrant the invisible law, Who owns a hearth and household charities, Who clothes his body and his sentient soul With skill and thoughts of men, and yet denies A human good worth toiling for, is cursed With worse negation than the poet feigned In Mephistopheles. The Devil spins His wire-drawn argument against all good

With sense of brimstone as his private lot, And never drew a solace from the Earth."

Laertes fuming paused, and Guildenstern Took up with cooler skill the fusillade: "I meet vour deadliest challenge, Rosencranz:— Where get, you say, a binding law, a rule Enforced by sanction, an Ideal throned With thunder in its hand? I answer, there Whence every faith and rule has drawn its force Since human consciousness awaking owned An Outward, whose unconquerable sway Resisted first and then subdued desire By pressure of the dire Impossible Urging to possible ends the active soul And shaping so its terror and its love. Why, you have said it — threats and promises Depend on each man's sentience for their force: All sacred rules, imagined or revealed, Can have no form or potency apart From the percipient and emotive mind. God, duty, love, submission, fellowship, Must first be framed in man, as music is,

Before they live outside him as a law. And still they grow and shape themselves anew, With fuller concentration in their life Of inward and of outward energies Blending to make the last result called Man, Which means, not this or that philosopher Looking through beauty into blankness, not The swindler who has sent his fruitful lie By the last telegram: it means the tide Of needs reciprocal, toil, trust, and love — The surging multitude of human claims Which make "a presence not to be put by" Above the horizon of the general soul. Is inward Reason shrunk to subtleties. And inward wisdom pining passion-starved?— The outward Reason has the world in store, Regenerates passion with the stress of want, Regenerates knowledge with discovery, Shows sly rapacious Self a blunderer, Widens dependence, knits the social whole In sensible relation more defined. Do Boards and dirty-handed millionaires Govern the planetary system? — sway

The pressure of the Universe? — decide That man henceforth shall retrogress to ape, Emptied of every sympathetic thrill The All has wrought in him? dam up henceforth The flood of human claims as private force To turn their wheels and make a private hell For fish-pond to their mercantile domain? What are they but a parasitic growth On the vast real and ideal world Of man and nature blent in one divine? Why, take your closing dirge — say evil grows And good is dwindling; science mere decay, Mere dissolution of ideal wholes Which through the ages past alone have made The earth and firmament of human faith: Say, the small arc of Being we call man Is near its mergence, what seems growing life Nought but a hurrying change towards lower types. The ready rankness of degeneracy. Well, they who mourn for the world's dying good May take their common sorrows for a rock, On it erect religion and a church, A worship, rites, and passionate piety—

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The worship of the Best though crucified And God-forsaken in its dying pangs;
The sacramental rites of fellowship
In common woe; visions that purify
Through admiration and despairing love
Which keep their spiritual life intact
Beneath the murderous clutches of disproof
And feed a martyr-strength."

"Religion high!"

(Rosencranz here) "but with communicants

Few as the cedars upon Lebanon —

A child might count them. What the world demands

Is faith coercive of the multitude."

"Tush, Guildenstern, you granted him too much,"
Burst in Laertes; "I will never grant
One inch of law to feeble blasphemies
Which hold no higher ratio to life —
Full vigorous human life that peopled earth
And wrought and fought and loved and bravely died —
Than the sick morning glooms of debauchees.
Old nations breed old children, wizened babes
Whose youth is languid and incredulous,

Weary of life without the will to die; Their passions visionary appetites Of bloodless spectres wailing that the world For lack of substance slips from out their grasp; Their thoughts the withered husks of all things dead, Holding no force of germs instinct with life, Which never hesitates but moves and grows. Yet hear them boast in screams their godlike ill, Excess of knowing! Fie on you, Rosencranz! You lend your brains and fine-dividing tongue For bass-notes to this shrivelled crudity, This immature decrepitude that strains To fill our ears and claim the prize of strength For mere unmanliness. Out on them all!-Wits, puling minstrels, and philosophers, Who living softly prate of suicide, And suck the commonwealth to feed their ease While they vent epigrams and threnodies, Mocking or wailing all the eager work Which makes that public store whereon they feed. Is wisdom flattened sense and mere distaste? Why, any superstition warm with love, Inspired with purpose, wild with energy

That streams resistless through its ready frame,
Has more of human truth within its life
Than souls that look through colour into nought,—
Whose brain, too unimpassioned for delight,
Has feeble ticklings of a vanity
Which finds the universe beneath its mark,
And scorning the blue heavens as merely blue
Can only say, 'What then?'— pre-eminent
In wondrous want of likeness to their kind,
Founding that worship of sterility
Whose one supreme is vacillating Will
Which makes the Light, then says, 'T were better not.'"

Here rash Laertes brought his Händel-strain As of some angry Polypheme, to pause; And Osric, shocked at ardours out of taste, Relieved the audience with a tenor voice And delicate delivery.

"For me,

I range myself in line with Rosencranz Against all schemes, religious or profane, That flaunt a Good as pretext for a lash To flog us all who have the better taste,

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Into conformity, requiring me At peril of the thong and sharp disgrace To care how mere Philistines pass their lives; Whether the English pauper-total grows From one to two before the noughts; how far Teuton will outbreed Roman; if the class Of proletaires will make a federal band To bind all Europe and America, Throw, in their wrestling, every government, Snatch the world's purse and keep the guillotine: Or else (admitting these are casualties) Driving my soul with scientific hail That shuts the landscape out with particles; Insisting that the Palingenesis Means telegraphs and measure of the rate At which the stars move — nobody knows where. So far, my Rosencranz, we are at one. But not when you blaspheme the life of Art, The sweet perennial youth of Poesy, Which asks no logic but its sensuous growth, No right but loveliness; which fearless strolls Betwixt the burning mountain and the sea, Reckless of earthquake and the lava stream,

Filling its hour with beauty. It knows nought Of bitter strife, denial, grim resolve, Sour resignation, busy emphasis Of fresh illusions named the new-born True, Old Error's latest child; but as a lake Images all things, yet within its depths Dreams them all lovelier — thrills with sound And makes a harp of plenteous liquid chords — So Art or Poesy: we its votaries Are the Olympians, fortunately born From the elemental mixture; 't is our lot To pass more swiftly than the Delian God, But still the earth breaks into flowers for us. And mortal sorrows when they reach our ears Are dying falls to melody divine. Hatred, war, vice, crime, sin, those human storms, Cyclones, floods, what you will — outbursts of force — Feed art with contrast, give the grander touch To the master's pencil and the poet's song, Serve as Vesuvian fires or navies tossed On yawning waters, which when viewed afar Deepen the calm sublime of those choice souls Who keep the heights of poesy and turn

A fleckless mirror to the various world, Giving its many-named and fitful flux An imaged, harmless, spiritual life, With pure selection, native to art's frame, Of beauty only, save its minor scale Of ill and pain to give the ideal joy A keener edge. This is a mongrel globe; All finer being wrought from its coarse earth Is but accepted privilege: what else Your boasted virtue, which proclaims itself A good above the average consciousness? Nature exists by partiality (Each planet's poise must carry two extremes With verging breadths of minor wretchedness): We are her favourites and accept our wings. For your accusal, Rosencranz, that art Shares in the dread and weakness of the time. I hold it null; since art or poesy pure, Being blameless by all standards save her own. Takes no account of modern or antique In morals, science, or philosophy: No dull elenchus makes a yoke for her, Whose law and measure are the sweet consent

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Of sensibilities that move apart From rise or fall of systems, states or creeds — Apart from what Philistines call man's weal."

"Aye, we all know those votaries of the Muse Ravished with singing till they quite forgot Their manhood, sang, and gaped, and took no food, Then died of emptiness, and for reward Lived on as grasshoppers" — Laertes thus:

But then he checked himself as one who feels His muscles dangerous, and Guildenstern Filled up the pause with calmer confidence.

"You use your wings, my Osric, poise yourself
Safely outside all reach of argument,
Then dogmatize at will (a method known
To ancient women and philosophers,
Nay, to Philistines whom you most abhor);
Else, could an arrow reach you, I should ask
Whence came taste, beauty, sensibilities
Refined to preference infallible?
Doubtless, ye're gods — these odours ye inhale,
A sacrificial scent. But how, I pray,
Are odours made, if not by gradual change

Of sense or substance? Is your beautiful A seedless, rootless flower, or has it grown With human growth, which means the rising sum Of human struggle, order, knowledge? — sense Trained to a fuller record, more exact — To truer guidance of each passionate force? Get me your roseate flesh without the blood; Get fine aromas without structure wrought From simpler being into manifold: Then and then only flaunt your Beautiful As what can live apart from thought, creeds, states, Which mean life's structure. Osric, I beseech — The infallible should be more catholic — Join in a war-dance with the cannibals, Hear Chinese music, love a face tattooed, Give adoration to a pointed skull, And think the Hindu Siva looks divine: 'T is art, 't is poesy. Say, you object: How came you by that lofty dissidence, If not through changes in the social man Widening his consciousness from Here and Now To larger wholes beyond the reach of sense; Controlling to a fuller harmony

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The thrill of passion and the rule of fact;
And paling false ideals in the light
Of full-rayed sensibilities which blend
Truth and desire? Taste, beauty, what are they
But the soul's choice towards perfect bias wrought
By finer balance of a fuller growth —
Sense brought to subtlest metamorphosis
Through love, thought, joy — the general human store
Which grows from all life's functions? As the plant
Holds its corolla, purple, delicate,
Solely as outflush of that energy
Which moves transformingly in root and branch."

Guildenstern paused, and Hamlet quivering
Since Osric spoke, in transit imminent
From catholic striving into laxity,
Ventured his word. "Seems to me, Guildenstern,
Your argument, though shattering Osric's point
That sensibilities can move apart
From social order, yet has not annulled
His thesis that the life of poesy
(Admitting it must grow from out the whole)
Has separate functions, a transfigured realm

Freed from the rigours of the practical, Where what is hidden from the grosser world — Stormed down by roar of engines and the shouts Of eager concourse — rises beauteous As voice of water-drops in sapphire caves; A realm where finest spirits have free sway In exquisite selection, uncontrolled By hard material necessity Of cause and consequence. For you will grant The Ideal has discoveries which ask No test, no faith, save that we joy in them: A new-found continent, with spreading lands Where pleasure charters all, where virtue, rank, Use, right, and truth have but one name, Delight. Thus Art's creations, when etherealized To least admixture of the grosser fact Delight may stamp as highest."

"Possible!"

Said Guildenstern, with touch of weariness, "But then we might dispute of what is gross, What high, what low."

"Nay," said Laertes, "ask
The mightiest makers who have reigned, still reign

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Within the ideal realm. See if their thought
Be drained of practice and the thick warm blood
Of hearts that beat in action various
Through the wide drama of the struggling world.
Good-bye, Horatio."

Each now said "Good-bye."

Such breakfast, such beginning of the day Is more than half the whole. The sun was hot On southward branches of the meadow elms, The shadows slowly farther crept and veered Like changing memories, and Hamlet strolled Alone and dubious on the empurpled path Between the waving grasses of new June Close by the stream where well-compacted boats Were moored or moving with a lazy creak To the soft dip of oars. All sounds were light As tiny silver bells upon the robes Of hovering silence. Birds made twitterings That seemed but Silence self o'erfull of love. 'T was invitation all to sweet repose; And Hamlet, drowsy with the mingled draughts Of cider and conflicting sentiments,

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Chose a green couch and watched with half-closed eyes
The meadow-road, the stream and dreamy lights,
Until they merged themselves in sequence strange
With undulating ether, time, the soul,
The will supreme, the individual claim,
The social Ought, the lyrist's liberty,
Democritus, Pythagoras, in talk
With Anselm, Darwin, Comte, and Schopenhauer,
The poets rising slow from out their tombs
Summoned as arbiters — that border-world
Of dozing, ere the sense is fully locked.

And then he dreamed a dream so luminous
He woke (he says) convinced; but what it taught
Withholds as yet. Perhaps those graver shades
Admonished him that visions told in haste
Part with their virtues to the squandering lips
And leave the soul in wider emptiness.

April, 1874.

TWO LOVERS









TWO LOVERS

Two lovers by a moss-grown spring:

They leaned soft cheeks together there,

Mingled the dark and sunny hair,

And heard the wooing thrushes sing.

O budding time!

O love's blest prime!

Two wedded from the portal stept:

The bells made happy carollings,

The air was soft as fanning wings,

White petals on the pathway slept.

O pure-eyed bride!
O tender pride!

Two faces o'er a cradle bent:

Two hands above the head were locked;

These pressed each other while they rocked,

Those watched a life that love had sent.

O solemn hour!

O hidden power!

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TWO LOVERS

Two parents by the evening fire:

The red light fell about their knees
On heads that rose by slow degrees
Like buds upon the lily spire.

O patient life!
O tender strife!

The two still sat together there,

The red light shone about their knees;

But all the heads by slow degrees

Had gone and left that lonely pair.

O voyage fast!
O vanished past!

The red light shone upon the floor

And made the space between them wide;

They drew their chairs up side by side,

Their pale cheeks joined, and said, "Once more!"

O memories!
O past that is!

1866.



SELF

HANGEFUL comrade, Life of mine,
Before we two must part,
I will tell thee, thou shalt say,
What thou hast been and art.
Ere I lose my hold of thee
Justify thyself to me.

LIFE

I was thy warmth upon thy mother's knee
When light and love within her eyes were one;
We laughed together by the laurel tree,
Culling warm daisies 'neath the sloping sun;
We heard the chickens' lazy croon,
Where the trellised woodbines grew,
And all the summer afternoon
Mystic gladness o'er thee threw.
Was it person? Was it thing?
Was it touch or whispering?
It was bliss and it was I:
Bliss was what thou knew'st me by.

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SELF

Soon I knew thee more by Fear
And sense of what was not,
Haunting all I held most dear;
I had a double lot:
Ardour, cheated with alloy,
Wept the more for dreams of joy.

LIFE

Remember how thy ardour's magic sense

Made poor things rich to thee and small things

great;

How hearth and garden, field and bushy fence, Were thy own eager love incorporate;

And how the solemn, splendid Past
O'er thy early widened earth
Made grandeur, as on sunset cast
Dark elms near take mighty girth.

Hands and feet were tiny still
When we knew the historic thrill,
Breathed deep breath in heroes dead,
Tasted the immortals' bread.

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SELF

Seeing what I might have been
Reproved the thing I was,
Smoke on heaven's clearest sheen,
The speck within the rose.
By revered ones' frailties stung
Reverence was with anguish wrung.

LIFE

But all thy anguish and thy discontent

Was growth of mine, the elemental strife

Towards feeling manifold with vision blent

To wider thought: I was no vulgar life

That, like the water-mirrored ape,

Not discerns the thing it sees,

Nor knows its own in others' shape,

Railing, scorning, at its ease.

Half man's truth must hidden lie

If unlit by Sorrow's eye.

I by Sorrow wrought in thee

Willing pain of ministry.

SELF

Slowly was the lesson taught
Through passion, error, care,
Insight was with loathing fraught
And effort with despair.
Written on the wall I saw
"Bow!" I knew, not loved, the law.

LIFE

But then I brought a love that wrote within

The law of gratitude, and made thy heart

Beat to the heavenly tune of seraphin

Whose only joy in having is, to impart:

Till thou, poor Self — despite thy ire,

Wrestling 'gainst my mingled share,

Thy faults, hard falls, and vain desire

Still to be what others were —

Filled, o'erflowed with tenderness

Seeming more as thou wert less,

Knew me through that anguish past

As a fellowship more vast.

SELF

Yea, I embrace thee, changeful Life!
Far-sent, unchosen mate!
Self and thou, no more at strife,
Shall wed in hallowed state.
Willing spousals now shall prove
Life is justified by love.



"SWEET EVENINGS COME AND GO, LOVE"



"SWEET EVENINGS COME AND GO, LOVE"

"La noche buena se viene,
La noche buena se va,
Y nosotros nos iremos
Y no volveremos mas."

- Old Villancico.

Sweet evenings come and go, love,
They came and went of yore:
This evening of our life, love,
Shall go and come no more.

When we have passed away, love,
All things will keep their name;
But yet no life on earth, love,
With ours will be the same.

The daisies will be there, love,

The stars in heaven will shine:

I shall not feel thy wish, love,

Nor thou my hand in thine.

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SWEET EVENINGS COME AND GO, LOVE

A better time will come, love,And better souls be born:I would not be the best, love,To leave thee now forlorn.

THE DEATH OF MOSES



THE DEATH OF MOSES

Toses, who spake with God as with his friend, And ruled his people with the twofold power Of wisdom that can dare and still be meek. Was writing his last word, the sacred name Unutterable of that Eternal Will Which was and is and evermore shall be. Yet was his task not finished, for the flock Needed its shepherd and the life-taught sage Leaves no successor; but to chosen men. The rescuers and guides of Israel, A death was given called the Death of Grace, Which freed them from the burthen of the flesh But left them rulers of the multitude And loved companions of the lonely. This Was God's last gift to Moses, this the hour When soul must part from self and be but soul.

God spake to Gabriel, the messenger

Of mildest death that draws the parting life

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THE DEATH OF MOSES

Gently, as when a little rosy child
Lifts up its lips from off the bowl of milk
And so draws forth a curl that dipped its gold
In the soft white — thus Gabriel draws the soul.
"Go bring the soul of Moses unto me!"
And the awe-stricken angel answered, "Lord,
How shall I dare to take his life who lives
Sole of his kind, not to be likened once
In all the generations of the earth?"

Then God called Michaël, him of pensive brow,
Snow-vest and flaming sword, who knows and acts:
"Go bring the spirit of Moses unto me!"
But Michaël with such grief as angels feel,
Loving the mortals whom they succour, pled:
"Almighty, spare me; it was I who taught
Thy servant Moses; he is part of me
As I of thy deep secrets, knowing them."

Then God called Zamaël, the terrible,
The angel of fierce death, of agony
That comes in battle and in pestilence
Remorseless, sudden or with lingering throes.
And Zamaël, his raiment and broad wings

Blood-tinetured, the dark lustre of his eyes
Shrouding the red, fell like the gathering night
Before the prophet. But that radiance
Won from the heavenly presence in the mount
Gleamed on the prophet's brow and dazzling pierced
Its conscious opposite: the angel turned
His murky gaze aloof and inly said:
"An angel this, deathless to angel's stroke."

But Moses felt the subtly nearing dark:—

"Who art thou? and what wilt thou?" Zamaël then:

"I am God's reaper; through the fields of life
I gather ripened and unripened souls
Both willing and unwilling. And I come
Now to reap thee." But Moses cried,

Firm as a seer who waits the trusted sign:

"Reap thou the fruitless plant and common herb—

Not him who from the womb was sanctified

To teach the law of purity and love."

And Zamaël baffled from his errand fled.

But Moses, pausing, in the air serene Heard now that mystic whisper, far yet near,

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The all-penetrating Voice, that said to him,
"Moses, the hour is come and thou must die."
"Lord, I obey; but thou rememberest
How thou, Ineffable, didst take me once
Within thy orb of light untouched by death."
Then the Voice answered, "Be no more afraid:
With me shall be thy death and burial."
So Moses waited, ready now to die.

And the Lord came, invisible as a thought,
Three angels gleaming on his secret track,
Prince Michaël, Zaglëa, Gabriel, charged to guard
The soul-forsaken body as it fell
And bear it to the hidden sepulchre
Denied for ever to the search of man.
And the Voice said to Moses: "Close thine eyes."
He closed them. "Lay thine hand upon thine heart,

heart,

And draw thy feet together." He obeyed.

And the Lord said, "O spirit! child of mine!

A hundred years and twenty thou hast dwelt

Within this tabernacle wrought of clay.

This is the end: come forth and flee to heaven."

But the grieved soul with plaintive pleading cried, "I love this body with a clinging love:

The courage fails me, Lord, to part from it."

"O child, come forth! for thou shalt dwell with me About the immortal throne where seraphs joy In growing vision and in growing love."

Yet hesitating, fluttering, like the bird
With young wing weak and dubious, the soul
Stayed. But behold! upon the death-dewed lips
A kiss descended, pure, unspeakable—
The bodiless Love without embracing Love
That lingered in the body, drew it forth
With heavenly strength and carried it to heaven.

But now beneath the sky the watchers all,
Angels that keep the homes of Israel
Or on high purpose wander o'er the world
Leading the Gentiles, felt a dark eclipse:
The greatest ruler among men was gone.
And from the westward sea was heard a wail,
A dirge as from the isles of Javanim,
Crying, "Who now is left upon the earth

Like him to teach the right and smite the wrong?"
And from the East, far o'er the Syrian waste,
Came slowlier, sadlier, the answering dirge:
"No prophet like him lives or shall arise
In Israel or the world for evermore."

But Israel waited, looking toward the mount,
Till with the deepening eve the elders came
Saying, "His burial is hid with God.
We stood far off and saw the angels lift
His corpse aloft until they seemed a star
That burnt itself away within the sky."

The people answered with mute orphaned gaze
Looking for what had vanished evermore.

Then through the gloom without them and within
The spirit's shaping light, mysterious speech,
Invisible Will wrought clear in sculptured sound,
The thought-begotten daughter of the voice,
Thrilled on their listening sense: "He has no tomb.
He dwells not with you dead, but lives as Law."



HEROD, 1, 24

A RION, whose melodic soul

Taught the dithyramb to roll

Like forest fires, and sing

Olympian suffering,

Had carried his diviner lore

From Corinth to the sister shore

Where Greece could largelier be,

Branching o'er Italy.

Then weighted with his glorious name
And bags of gold, aboard he came
'Mid harsh seafaring men
To Corinth bound again.

The sailors eyed the bags and thought:

"The gold is good, the man is nought—
And who shall track the wave
That opens for his grave?"

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With brawny arms and cruel eyes

They press around him where he lies

In sleep beside his lyre,

Hearing the Muses quire.

He waked and saw this wolf-faced Death
Breaking the dream that filled his breath
With inspiration strong
Of yet unchanted song.

"Take, take my gold and let me live!"

He prayed, as kings do when they give

Their all with royal will,

Holding born kingship still.

To rob the living they refuse,

One death or other he must choose,

Either the watery pall

Or wounds and burial.

"My solemn robe then let me don,
Give me high space to stand upon,
That dying I may pour
A song unsung before."

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It pleased them well to grant this prayer,
To hear for nought how it might fare
With men who paid their gold
For what a poet sold.

In flowing stole, his eyes aglow
With inward fire, he neared the prow
And took his god-like stand,
The cithara in hand.

The wolfish men all shrank aloof,

And feared this singer might be proof

Against their murderous power,

After his lyric hour.

But he, in liberty of song,

Fearless of death or other wrong,

With full spondaic toll

Poured forth his mighty soul:

Poured forth the strain his dream had taught,

A nome with lofty passion fraught

Such as makes battles won

On fields of Marathon.

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The last long vowels trembled then
As awe within those wolfish men:
They said, with mutual stare,
Some god was present there.

But lo! Arion leaped on high
Ready, his descant done, to die;

'Not asking, "Is it well?"

Like a pierced eagle fell.

1873.

"O MAY I JOIN THE CHOIR INVISIBLE"



"O MAY I JOIN THE CHOIR INVISIBLE"

Longum illud tempus, quum non ero, magis me movet, quam hoc exiguum.— Cicero, ad Att. XII, 18.

Of those immortal dead who live again
In minds made better by their presence: live
In pulses stirred to generosity,
In deeds of daring rectitude, in scorn
For miserable aims that end with self,
In thoughts sublime that pierce the night like stars,
And with their mild persistence urge man's search
To vaster issues.

So to live is heaven:
To make undying music in the world,

Breathing as beauteous order that controls

With growing sway the growing life of man.

So we inherit that sweet purity

For which we struggled, failed, and agonized

With widening retrospect that bred despair.

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O MAY I JOIN THE CHOIR INVISIBLE

Rebellious flesh that would not be subdued, A vicious parent shaming still its child, Poor anxious penitence, is quick dissolved; Its discords, quenched by meeting harmonies, Die in the large and charitable air. And all our rarer, better, truer self, That sobbed religiously in yearning song, That watched to ease the burthen of the world, Laboriously tracing what must be, And what may yet be better - saw within A worthier image for the sanctuary, And shaped it forth before the multitude Divinely human, raising worship so To higher reverence more mixed with love — That better self shall live till human Time Shall fold its eyelids, and the human sky Be gathered like a scroll within the tomb Unread for ever.

This is life to come,
Which martyred men have made more glorious
For us who strive to follow. May I reach
That purest heaven, be to other souls
The cup of strength in some great agony,

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O MAY I JOIN THE CHOIR INVISIBLE

Enkindle generous ardour, feed pure love,
Beget the smiles that have no cruelty —
Be the sweet presence of a good diffused,
And in diffusion ever more intense.
So shall I join the choir invisible
Whose music is the gladness of the world.
1867.

3













